

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Supplementary Information and Schedules of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards

June 30, 2023

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees
Thomas Edison State University and its
Affiliate the New Jersey State Library:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library (the Organization), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements for the years then ended as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Organization, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We did not audit the financial statements of Thomas Edison State University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), which represents 100% of the total assets and total revenues of the discretely presented component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and as of and for the six-months ended June 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Foundation, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Thomas Edison State University Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of employer contributions, schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of proportionate share of the total OPEB liability be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2024 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Short Hills, New Jersey February 5, 2024

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

The Introduction

This section of Thomas Edison State University (formerly Thomas Edison State College) and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library's (the Organization) financial statements presents our discussion and analysis of the Organization's financial performance during the fiscal years that ended on June 30, 2023 and 2022, with certain 2021 amounts presented for comparative purposes. Since this discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, it should be read in conjunction with the Organization's basic financial statements, which follow. The financial statements for the Thomas Edison State University Foundation (Foundation) are presented discretely. The Foundation was formed to aid the University in obtaining private funds to meet the needs of the University. The Foundation elected to change their year-end from December 31 to June 30 during fiscal year 2022. Therefore, the accompanying statement of activities for fiscal year 2022 is for the six-month period ending June 30, 2022 (January 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022). The Foundation fiscal year 2023 period was the same as the Organization period of July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

Organization

Thomas Edison State College was founded by the New Jersey Board of Higher Education in 1972 as an institution that provides flexible and accessible, high quality college opportunities primarily for adults. The College received University status during fiscal year 2016 and was renamed Thomas Edison State University (the University). The University is accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools. The New Jersey State Library (the Library) was established by the State of New Jersey (the State) to provide lifelong learning and educational services, through the use of a State library, to the citizens of the State of New Jersey. The Library has existed as part of the State since 1796 and maintains approximately 2.1 million volumes of books and historical documents. Included in the Library is the Talking Book & Braille Center (formerly known as the Library for the Blind and Handicapped). Public Law 2001, Chapter 137 was signed into law effective July 2, 2001, making the Library an affiliate of the University. As a result, the financial reporting entity was formed known as the Organization under the control of the University's Board of Trustees.

Using this Annual Financial Report

The financial statements presented in this report focus on the financial position of the Organization, the changes in financial position and cash flows of the Organization as a whole. The statements of net position focuses on total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position focuses on the revenues earned during the year and the costs of Organization activities. The statement of cash flows focuses on cash inflows and outflows summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital financing and related investing activities.

Financial Highlights

The Organization's net position has increased to \$36,615,620 at June 30, 2023 from \$31,659,404 at June 30, 2022, and increased from \$26,812,064 at June 30, 2021. In fiscal year 2023, the Organization's net position increase of \$4,956,216 which was primarily due to the recognition of negative pension expense in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68) of \$6,043,757 which was partially offset by decreased student tuition. In fiscal year 2022, the Organization's net position increase of \$4,847,340 which was primarily due to the recognition of

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June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

negative pension expense in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68) of \$5,187,106.

The Organization recorded on its financial statements the state paid revenue and expenses for other post-employment benefits for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021. The State has communicated that the associated unfunded liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are the responsibility of the State and therefore, are not reported on the Organization's financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). The Organization recorded on its financial statements the net pension liability and related pension amounts as determined by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits. The State has communicated that the GASB 68 pension liability allocations do not impact State laws or past funding arrangements that have been established annually in the State budget. The State has historically made and has communicated it will continue to make direct payments on behalf of the Organization to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) plan.

Operating revenues for the year ended June 30, 2023, decreased to \$56,935,882 from \$59,714,465 in 2022, which decreased from \$66,028,083 in 2021. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease of \$3,167,012 in student tuition in fiscal year 2023. The decrease in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to a decrease of \$8,363,156 in student tuition which was partially offset by an increase in State of New Jersey grants and contracts of \$1,773,514.

Net nonoperating revenues for the year ended June 30, 2023 increased to \$40,039,439 from \$37,502,207 in fiscal year 2022, primarily due to an increase of \$3,385,099 in state appropriations, an increase of \$3,069,477 in State paid fringe benefits, an increase in investment income of \$1,454,276, which were partially offset by a decrease in federal grants of \$2,380,550 and a decrease of \$2,956,338 in State of New Jersey paid other postemployment benefits. The increase in fringe benefits was related to a higher fringe benefit rate. The decrease in federal grants was due to spending down stimulus funds in fiscal year 2022. Net nonoperating revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022 increased to \$37,502,207 from \$36,049,013 in fiscal year 2021, primarily due to an increase of \$2,260,930 in state appropriations, an increase of \$4,299,952 in State paid fringe benefits, which were partially offset by a decrease in federal grants of \$3,661,377 and a decrease of \$1,212,604 in investment income. The increase in fringe benefits was related to a higher fringe benefit rate. The decrease in federal grants was due to spending down a higher percentage of stimulus funds in fiscal year 2021.

Statements of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the Organization at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the Organization, as well as the net position of the Organization by category. The assets and liabilities are divided into current and noncurrent.

Net position is one indicator of the current financial condition of the Organization while the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

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(Unaudited)

GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities, establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories: Net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, including leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), net of accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position consists of nonexpendable and expendable net position. Nonexpendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations that must be maintained permanently by the Organization. Expendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the Organization pursuant to the stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

Unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management to the board of trustees. Substantially all unrestricted net position is designated for academic programs and initiatives and capital programs.

Condensed Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021

	_	2023	2022	2021
Current assets	\$	41,508,802	40,747,631	44,398,226
Capital assets, net		58,175,870	61,197,960	64,231,798
Other assets	_	13,657,703	14,518,105	15,635,011
Total assets		113,342,375	116,463,696	124,265,035
Deferred outflows of resources	_	8,343,500	6,901,035	8,897,946
Total assets and deferred outflows				
of resources	\$_	121,685,875	123,364,731	133,162,981
Current liabilities	\$	13,296,193	13,354,965	15,559,834
Noncurrent liabilities	_	59,076,899	60,960,657	74,272,476
Total liabilities		72,373,092	74,315,622	89,832,310
Deferred inflows of resources	_	12,697,163	17,389,705	16,518,607
Total liabilities and deferred inflows				
of resources	\$_	85,070,255	91,705,327	106,350,917

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

	_	2023	2022	2021
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	60,343,297	61,324,024	58,895,938
Restricted		3,963,540	4,340,097	4,118,705
Unrestricted	_	(27,691,217)	(34,004,717)	(36,202,579)
Net position, end of year	\$_	36,615,620	31,659,404	26,812,064

Net Position, End of Year

The Organization's net position at June 30, 2023 increased \$4,956,216 or 16% from fiscal year 2022 to \$36,615,620. The Organization's net position at June 30, 2022 increased \$4,847,340 or 18% from fiscal year 2021 to \$31,659,404. The increase in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to the recognition of negative pension expense of \$6,043,757, and increased State appropriations of \$3,385,099, which was partially offset by \$3,167,012 in decreased student tuition. The increase in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to the recognition of negative pension expense of \$5,187,106.

The Organization's total assets decreased to \$113,342,375 at June 30, 2023 from \$116,463,696 at June 30, 2022, which decreased from \$124,265,035 at June 30, 2021. The fiscal year 2023 decrease of \$3,121,321 or 3% was primarily due to decreased capital assets of \$3,022,090 and decreased cash of \$9,439,545, which was partially offset by increased investments of \$9,282,363. The fiscal year 2022 decrease of \$7,801,339 or 6% was primarily due to decreased cash of \$3,681,939 and decreased capital assets of \$3,033,838.

The Organization's total deferred outflows of resources increased \$1,442,465 or 21% from fiscal year 2022 to \$8,343,500 (University share \$3,776,035 and Library share \$4,567,465). The Organization's total deferred inflows of resources decreased \$4,692,542 or 27% from fiscal year 2022 to \$12,697,163 (University share \$8,695,785 and Library share \$4,001,378). The deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pensions which include changes in assumptions, changes in proportion, net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets and fiscal year 2022 contributions subsequent to the measurement date made by the State of New Jersey to the pension plan on behalf of the Organization of \$4,451,751 (University share \$2,322,731 and Library share \$2,129,020).

The Organization's total deferred outflows of resources decreased \$1,996,911 or 22% from fiscal year 2021 to \$6,901,035 (University share \$3,671,935 and Library share \$3,229,100). The Organization's total deferred inflows of resources increased \$871,098 or 5% from fiscal year 2021 to \$17,389,705 (University share \$10,370,676 and Library share \$7,019,029). The deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pensions which include changes in assumptions, changes in proportion, net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets and fiscal year 2021 contributions subsequent to the measurement date made by the State of New Jersey to the pension plan on behalf of the Organization of \$4,409,997 (University share \$2,294,325 and Library share \$2,115,672).

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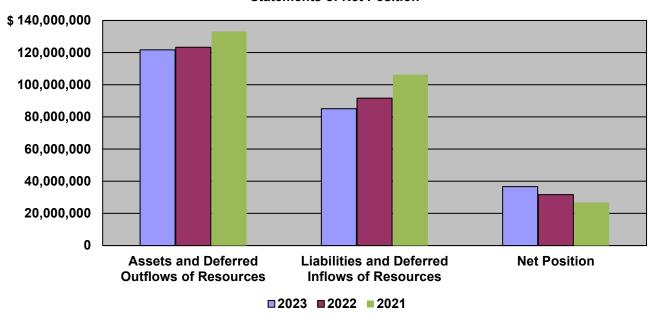
Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

The Organization's total liabilities decreased \$1,942,530 or 3% to \$72,373,092 in fiscal year 2023. The fiscal year 2023 decrease was primarily due to a decrease of \$2,041,363 in long-term debt, and a decrease of \$318,749 in accounts payable and accrued expenses, which was partially offset by an increase of \$315,373 in unearned grants and contracts. The Organization's total liabilities decreased \$15,516,688 or 17% to \$74,315,622 in fiscal year 2022. The fiscal year 2022 decrease was primarily due to a \$8,292,168 decrease in the net pension liability (University share \$5,191,114 and Library share \$3,101,054), a decrease of \$487,055 in unearned tuition and fees, a \$637,466 decrease in unearned grants and contracts, and a \$5,461,924 decrease in long-term debt.

Statements of Net Position



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the Organization's results of operations. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the Organization both operating and nonoperating, expenses paid by the Organization , operating and nonoperating, and any other changes to net position. A condensed summary of the Organization's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 follows:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021

	_	2023	2022	2021
Operating revenues:				
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarships	\$	34,507,504	37,674,516	46,037,672
Federal grants and contracts		10,848,439	10,868,144	10,629,475
State of New Jersey grants and contracts	-	10,600,453	10,334,290	8,560,776
Subtotal operating grants		21,448,892	21,202,434	19,190,251
Other	_	979,486	837,515	800,160
Total operating revenues		56,935,882	59,714,465	66,028,083
Operating expenses	_	92,019,105	92,369,332	95,222,674
Operating loss	_	(35,083,223)	(32,654,867)	(29,194,591)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Federal grants			2,380,550	6,041,927
State of New Jersey funding, including OPEB		38,607,508	35,109,270	29,186,621
Other nonoperating revenues, net		1,500,315	48,535	896,437
Loss on disposal of equipment	_	(68,384)	(36,148)	(75,972)
Net non-operating revenues	_	40,039,439	37,502,207	36,049,013
Increase in net position		4,956,216	4,847,340	6,854,422
Net position beginning of year	_	31,659,404	26,812,064	19,957,642
Net position end of year	\$_	36,615,620	31,659,404	26,812,064

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues are defined as those revenues received by an Organization for providing goods and services directly to the students, New Jersey state libraries, and the constituencies of the Organization .

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023 and 2022
(Unaudited)

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Organization generated \$56,935,882 in operating revenues. The sources of these revenues were: tuition and fees, net of scholarships of \$34,507,504; governmental grants and contracts of \$21,448,892; and other operating revenues of \$979,486. The University's share of operating revenues was \$41,580,701 and the Library's share of operating revenues was \$15,355,181.

- Student tuition and fees decreased \$3,167,012 or 8% in fiscal year 2023 due to an 11% decrease in the number of students served which was partially offset by a tuition increase of 2%. Student tuition and fees decreased \$8,363,156 or 18% in fiscal year 2022 due to a 23% decrease in new undergraduate student enrollment and 20% decrease in new graduate enrollment.
- The increase in State of New Jersey grants and contracts of \$266,163 or 3% in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to the University receiving \$679,864 in Grant Opportunity (GO)-TESU State need-based aid for part-time students for the first time. This was partially offset by spending down grants received during fiscal year 2022. The increase of \$1,773,514 or 21% in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to the University receiving \$483,496 in an Opportunity Meets Innovation Challenge grant and an increase of \$1,081,957 in Library state aid. The increase in Library state aid was due to a \$1,000,000 increase appropriation to the Per Capita State aid program.

	_	2023			20	22	2021		
		Amount	Percen of to		Amount	Percent of tot		Amount	Percentage of total
Operating revenues: Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of approximately \$3,403,000, \$2,953,000, and \$2,982,000, respectively)	\$	34,507,504	(31 % \$	37,674,516	6	3 % \$	46,037,672	70 %
Federal grants and contracts State of New Jersey grants		10,848,439		19	10,868,144	1	8	10,629,475	16
and contracts	-	10,600,453	•	19	10,334,290	1	8	8,560,776	13
Subtotal grants	-	21,448,892			21,202,434			19,190,251	
Other sources: Federal indirect cost recovery Noncollegiate sponsored		356,829		_	150,627	_	_	183,705	_
programs		_		_	_	_	_	15,175	_
Other operating revenue		622,657		1	686,888		1	601,280	1
Subtotal other sources	-	979,486			837,515			800,160	
Total operating revenues	\$	56,935,882	1	<u>00 %</u> \$	59,714,465	10	<u>0 %</u> \$	66,028,083	100 %

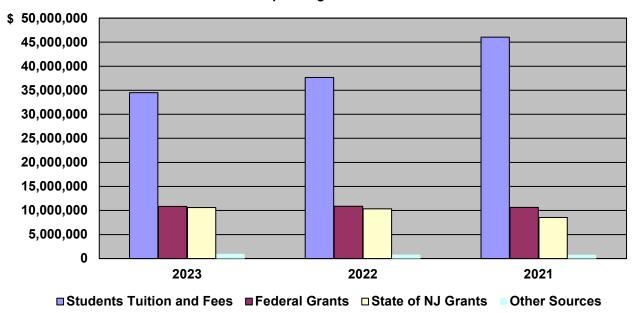
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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Operating Revenues



Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are defined as those expenses paid by an institution to acquire or produce goods and services in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the institution. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Organization incurred total operating expenses of \$92,019,105, which were \$35,083,223 more than the operating revenues of \$56,935,882. The University's operating expenses share was \$70,255,767 and the Library's operating expenses share was \$21,763,338. The University's net operating loss share was \$28,675,066 and the Library's net operating loss share was \$6,408,157. The Organization's operating expenses decreased \$350,227 or less than 1% from fiscal years 2022 to 2023. The decrease is primarily due to decreases in pension expense and other post employment benefit (OPEB) expenses, which were partially offset by increases in fringe benefit expense. The fringe benefit rate increased from 53.4% in fiscal year 2022 to 60.8% in fiscal year 2023.

• The increase in academic support expenses of \$178,908 or 1% in fiscal year 2023 is primarily due to an increase in state paid fringe benefit expense of \$799,606, which was partially offset by a decrease in pension expense of \$146,954 and OPEB expenses of \$330,203. The decrease in academic support expenses of \$755,423 or 3% in fiscal year 2022 is primarily due to decrease in pension expense of \$569,669 and OPEB expenses of \$109,520.

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(Unaudited)

- The increase in student services expenses of \$148,909 or 2% in fiscal year 2023 is primarily due to an increase in salary of \$320,985 and state paid fringe benefit expense of \$501,000, which was partially offset by a decrease of \$243,803 in pension expense and \$559,990 in OPEB expense. The University has made a concerted effort to shift resources to student services. The decrease in student services expenses of \$592,611 or 9% in fiscal year 2022 is primarily due to a decrease of \$902,798 in pension expense and \$95,601 in OPEB expense which were partially offset by a \$528,187 increase in fringe benefits.
- Public services expenses decreased \$509,960 or 9% in fiscal year 2023. The decrease was primarily due
 the Library spending down stimulus funds received from the Institute for Museum and Library Services in
 the prior year that was received during fiscal year 2021. Public service decreased \$1,180,454 or 18% in
 fiscal year 2022. The decrease was primarily from the Watson Institute shifting to another New Jersey
 public institution during the second half of fiscal year 2022.
- General institutional expenses decreased \$795,012 or 6% and decreased \$227,863 or 2% over the previous year in fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to decreases of \$166,818 in salary expense, \$193,833 in pension expense, \$379,750 in OPEB expense. The decrease in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to decreases of \$689,673 in bad debt expense, \$611,254 in pension expense, \$90,978 in OPEB expense, which were partially offset by increases in marketing of \$522,949 and fringe benefits of \$704,624. The increase in fringe benefits was due to the increased fringe benefit rate.
- General administration expenses increased \$934,965 or 5% and decreased \$1,717,564 or 10% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to an increase in salary of \$904,490 and fringe benefits of \$1,227,877, which were partially offset by a decrease of \$509,854 in pension expense and \$910,570 in OPEB expense. The increase in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to a University increase in salary of \$1,366,705 and fringe benefits of \$1,465,643. The increase in salary was due to shifting salary to stimulus grant in fiscal year 2021 and collectively bargained cost of living and increment increases. These increases were partially offset by decreased pension expense of \$1,245,010.
- Other sponsored programs expenses decreased \$443,849 or 25% and decreased \$2,865,350 or 61% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2023 and 2022 was primarily due to federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) act funds received by the University in response to the global pandemic. The University received these federal passthrough funds from the State of New Jersey. The University did not have any federal CARES act funds during fiscal year 2023. The University had \$1,068,896 and \$4,380,182 in CARES expenses during fiscal year 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Scholarships decreased \$553,240 or 15% and decreased \$623,060 or 15% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2023 was due to no Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) scholarships awarded compared to \$1,201,775 during fiscal year 2022, which was partially offset by the new need-based aid GO-TESU of \$679,864. The decrease in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to no Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) scholarships awarded compared to \$667,974 during fiscal year 2021 and a \$646,261 decrease in Pell grants. The was partially offset by an increase of \$797,279 in HEERF scholarships.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

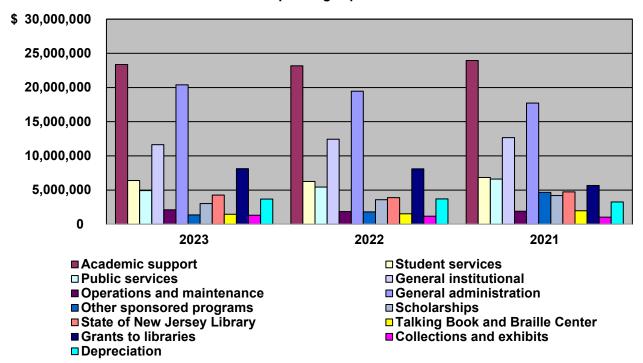
- State of New Jersey Library expenses increased \$363,079 or 9% and increased \$852,907 or 18% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to increased pension expense of \$205,024, and increased fringe benefit cost of \$416,673, which were partially offset by decreased OPEB expense of \$444,629. The increase in fringe benefits was primarily due to the increased fringe benefit rate. The decrease in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to decreased pension expense of \$1,291,540, which was partially offset by increased fringe benefit cost of \$308,422. The increase was due to the increased fringe benefit rate.
- Talking Book & Braille Center decreased \$67,501 or 4% and decreased \$446,843 or 23% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2023 was primarily due to decreased OPEB expense of \$119,029, which was partially offset by \$62,770 increase in pension expense. The decrease in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to decreased pension expense of \$352,948 and OPEB expense of \$26,859.
- Grants to libraries increased \$34,062 or less than 1% and increased \$2,428,331 or 43% in fiscal year 2023
 and 2022, respectively. The expense remained stable in fiscal year 2023. The increase in fiscal year 2022
 was due to the federal American Rescue Plan Act funds received by the State library that were subgranted
 to public libraries during fiscal year 2023 and 2022.
- Depreciation decreased \$36,245 or 1% and increased \$440,171 or 13% in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. Depreciation remained stable during fiscal year 2023 due to minimal capital assets acquired. The increase in depreciation in fiscal year 2022 was related to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, and GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Depreciation for fiscal year 2023 and fiscal year 2022 includes the amortization of leased assets and SBITAs.

	20	2023		022	2021		
	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	
Operating expenses:							
Academic support	\$ 23,365,589	25 % \$	23,186,681	25 % \$	23,942,104	25 %	
Student services	6,397,489	7	6,248,581	7	6,841,192	7	
Public services	4,922,185	5	5,432,145	6	6,612,599	7	
General institutional	11,641,898	13	12,436,910	13	12,664,773	13	
Operations and maintenance	2,116,158	2	1,862,433	2	1,887,138	2	
General administration	20,383,579	22	19,448,614	21	17,731,050	19	
Other sponsored programs	1,358,720	2	1,802,569	2	4,667,919	5	
Scholarships	3,023,365	3	3,576,605	4	4,199,665	4	
State of New Jersey Library	4,251,195	5	3,888,116	4	4,741,023	5	
Talking Book and Braille Center	1,447,146	2	1,514,647	2	1,961,490	2	
Grants to libraries	8,131,060	9	8,096,998	9	5,668,667	6	
Collections and exhibits	1,310,369	1	1,168,436	1	1,038,628	1	
Depreciation and amortization	3,670,352	4	3,706,597	4	3,266,426	4	
Total operating							
expenses	\$ 92,019,105	100 % \$	92,369,332	100 % \$	95,222,674	100 %	

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023 and 2022
(Unaudited)

Operating expenses



Nonoperating Revenues

Nonoperating revenues are defined as those revenues received for which goods and services are not provided in return for the revenues.

During the fiscal year 2023, the Organization generated \$40,039,439 in net nonoperating revenues. The components of the nonoperating revenues were primarily direct and indirect State of New Jersey appropriations of \$38,607,508, contributed U.S. Postal Service of \$178,963, private gifts of \$449,141, and investment income of \$963,168. The University's net nonoperating revenue share was \$29,999,401 and the Library's nonoperating revenue share was \$10,040,038.

- There were no nonoperating Federal grants during fiscal year 2023. Federal grants of \$2,380,550 in fiscal year 2022 includes \$1,296,691 in student aid funded HEERF and \$1,083,859 in CRF.
- The increase of State of New Jersey appropriations of \$3,385,099 or 24% in fiscal year 2023 was due to a legislative appropriation increase of \$3,000,000 for the University and \$1,201,099 for the Library, respectively, which were partially offset by the unbundling and transfer of the Garden State Guarantee portion of the outcomes-based funding to the Higher Education Student Assistance Authority which means that the funds are no longer provided via an appropriation to the University. The increase of State of New

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

Jersey appropriations of \$2,260,930 or 20% in fiscal year 2022 was due to an increase in outcomes-based funding.

- The increase in State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits of \$3,069,477 or 15% was primarily due to the negotiated fringe benefit rate increased from 61.05% in fiscal year 2022 to 68.45% in fiscal year 2023. The increase in State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits of \$4,299,952 or 27% in fiscal year 2022 was primarily due to an increase in the number of state paid fringe positions that was available for nine months in the prior fiscal year at the University. The number of state paid positions increased from 228 to 323 as of October 1, 2020. In addition, the negotiated fringe benefit rate increased from 53.25% in fiscal year 2021 to 61.05% in fiscal year 2022.
- The State of New Jersey paid other postemployment benefits decreased by \$2,956,338 or 312% and increased by \$638,233 or 40% in fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The amount to record is provided by the State of New Jersey and represents the organization's prorated share of the total (benefit) expense.
- Private gifts decreased by \$128,025 or 22% and increased by \$283,992 or 97% in fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2023 was related to timing of grants from the University Foundation. The increase in fiscal year 2022 was related to multi private gifts that were received by from the University Foundation.
- Investment income increased by \$1,454,276 and decreased by \$1,212,604 in fiscal year 2023 and 2022, respectively. The changes are due to market fluctuations and higher interest rates during fiscal year 2023.

		2023	20)22	2021		
		Percentage		Percentage		Percentage	
	Total	of total	Total	of total	Total	of total	
Nonoperating revenues:							
Federal grants	\$ —	- % \$	2,380,550	6 % \$	6,041,927	17 %	
r cacrai granto	Ψ	70 Ψ	2,000,000	Ο 70 Ψ	0,041,021	11 70	
State of New Jersey							
appropriations	17,207,980	43	13,822,881	37	11,561,951	32	
State of New Jersey paid							
fringe benefits	23,409,384	58	20,339,907	54	16,039,955	44	
State of New Jersey paid other							
post employment benefits	_(2,009,856	(5)	946,482	3	1,584,715	4	
Subtotal State of							
New Jersey	38,607,508		35,109,270		29,186,621		
Contributed II C. Dootel Compile	470.000		470 700		440.770		
Contributed U.S. Postal Service	178,963	_	170,760	_	146,776	_	
Private gifts – restricted	449,141	!	577,166	1	293,174	I	
Investment income	963,168	3	(491,108)	(1)	721,496	2	
Nonoperating							
revenues	\$ 40,198,780	100 % ¢	37,746,638	100 % ¢	36,389,994	100 %	
revenues	φ 40,196,760	= 100 % \$	31,140,030	100 % \$	30,309,994	100 %	

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

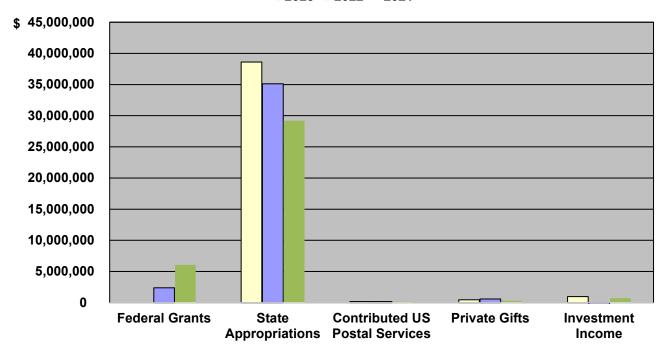
Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

Nonoperating Revenues

□2023 ■2022 ■2021



Capital Assets and Debt Activities

At June 30, 2023, the Organization's capital assets, including rare books, artwork, and historical documents, amounted to \$64,306,517, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$42,157,329. The amount invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$3,963,220, was \$60,343,297. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$3,670,352 for the current fiscal year. The \$980,727 decrease of net investment in capital assets was due to capital additions of \$716,646, principal paid on outstanding debt of \$2,178,603, less new lease and SBITA related debt of \$137,240 and depreciation of \$3,670,352 and net capital retirements of \$68,384. At June 30, 2022, the Organization's capital assets, including rare books, artwork, and historical documents, amounted to \$67,328,607, net of accumulated depreciation of \$38,632,193. The amount invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$6,004,583, was \$61,324,024. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$3,706,597 for the current fiscal year. The \$2,428,086 increase of net investment in capital assets was due to capital additions of \$708,907, principal paid on outstanding debt of \$5,753,081, less new lease and SBITA related debt of \$291,156 and depreciation of \$3,706,597 and net capital retirements of \$36,148. Capital assets are comprised of replacements, renovations, as well as investments in equipment, including information technology.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

Interest on indebtedness was \$90,957 in fiscal year 2023 as compared \$208,283 in fiscal year 2022, a decrease of \$117,326 or 56%. The decrease was due to the prepayment of TD Bank debt during fiscal year 2022 and the planned allocation of principal and interest per the amortization schedules. Interest on indebtedness was \$208,283 in fiscal year 2022 as compared to \$265,009 in fiscal year 2021, a decrease of \$56,726 or 21%. The increase was due to new lease related liability from GASB 87 and SBITA related liability from GASB 96.

Tax-Exempt Lease Financing

There were no State issued bonds awarded to fund capital improvements at the Organization in fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021.

During fiscal year 2018, the State issued bonds to fund a New Jersey Capital Improvement Fund grant award made to the University. The University is responsible for one third of each debt service payment that will be reimbursed to the State. The payment schedule has a twenty-year term. The University was awarded \$170,000 for alterations and renovations to the entryway of the Kelsey/Townhouse Complex. The University share of the debt is \$55,399 with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 2.486%. The project was completed during fiscal year 2018.

In October 2014, the Organization entered into a tax-exempt lease financing agreement with PNC Bank to partially fund the construction of the Glen Cairn Hall. The total debt issued was \$7,000,000. The payment schedule has a ten-year term with an interest rate of 2.486%.

During fiscal year 2014, the State of New Jersey issued bonds to fund the New Jersey Equipment Leasing Fund grant award made to the University. The University is responsible for one quarter of each debt service payment that will be reimbursed to the State. The payment schedule has a ten-year term. The University was awarded \$585,000 for nursing simulation laboratory equipment. The University share of the debt is \$127,318 with an interest rate of 5.000%.

In October 2011, the Organization entered into a tax-exempt lease financing agreement with TD Bank Finance, Inc. to fully renovate the Kuser facility. The total debt issued was \$8,000,000. The payment schedule had a twenty-year term with an interest rate of 3.500%. The University elected to prepay the remaining balance during fiscal year 2022.

In September 2007, the Organization entered in a tax-exempt lease financing arrangement in which Banc of America Leasing and Capital, LLC is the lessor, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the lessee, and the Organization is the sublessee. The lease financing was for \$2,700,000 used for building improvements, security, equipment, and data processing upgrades. The lease agreement calls for three separate payment schedules to be paid over five, seven, and fifteen-years with interest rates of 4.100%, 4.380% and 4.570%, respectively.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

The Organization's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were:

	_	2023	2022	2021
Net investment in capital assets:				
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,661,693	52,767,354	54,676,399
Equipment and vehicles, including leases				
and subscription IT right-to-use assets		3,872,648	4,515,478	5,400,927
Furniture and fixtures	_	1,188,849	1,462,448	1,701,792
Subtotal	_	55,723,190	58,745,280	61,779,118
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land		2,452,680	2,452,680	2,452,680
Rare books, artwork, and historical documents	_	6,130,647	6,130,647	6,130,647
Subtotal	_	8,583,327	8,583,327	8,583,327
Total capital assets		64,306,517	67,328,607	70,362,445
Less related long-term debt, including lease and				
subscription IT liabilities	_	(3,963,220)	(6,004,583)	(11,466,507)
Net investment in capital assets	\$_	60,343,297	61,324,024	58,895,938

Economic Outlook

With net position of \$36,615,620, the Organization's financial position remains positive. A major challenge to the Organization has been the University's enrollment. The University had 11,431 enrollments in fiscal year 2023. This was 11% below the prior year. This resulted in an 8% decrease in student revenue. Student revenue decreased by 18% in fiscal year 2022. Another challenge is maintaining State support. The University has seen increased State support through the formula based outcomes-based allocations. This support has continued to be increased in fiscal year 2024.

THOMAS EDISON STATE UNIVERSITY AND ITS AFFILIATE THE NEW JERSEY STATE LIBRARY (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Net Position

Business-Type Activities – Organization Only

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Assets	_	2023	2022
Current assets: Cash (note 2) Investments (notes 2 and 4)	\$	9,052,069 26,144,475	18,491,614 16,001,710
Receivables: Students, less allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$732,096 in 2023 and \$1,046,000 in 2022 State of New Jersey Federal Other receivables	_	3,712,324 790,261 760,891 150,649	4,192,257 824,243 554,263 53,359
Total receivables		5,414,125	5,624,122
Prepaid expenses and other assets	_	898,133	630,185
Total current assets	_	41,508,802	40,747,631
Noncurrent assets: Investments (notes 2 and 4) Restricted investments (notes 2 and 4) Trustee held investments – restricted (notes 3 and 4) Rare books, artwork, and historical documents Capital assets, net (notes 5 and 9) Total noncurrent assets	_	3,563,516 2,913,154 1,050,386 6,130,647 58,175,870	3,492,482 3,882,545 1,012,431 6,130,647 61,197,960
	_	71,833,573	75,716,065
Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources		113,342,375	116,463,696
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources:			
Pensions related (note 9)	_	8,343,500	6,901,035
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$_	121,685,875	123,364,731
Liabilities			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses (notes 6 and 7) Unearned tuition and fees Unearned grants and contracts Deposits held in custody for others Long-term debt – current portion (note 8 and 9)	\$	7,140,247 3,229,523 923,357 214,343	7,458,996 3,145,631 607,984 4,898
Total current liabilities	_	1,788,723 13,296,193	2,137,456 13,354,965
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	13,290,193	13,354,965
Compensated absences – noncurrent portion (note 7) Long-term debt (note 8 and 9) Net pension liability (notes 7 and 10)	_	591,902 2,174,497 56,310,500	622,457 3,867,127 56,471,073
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	59,076,899	60,960,657
Total liabilities		72,373,092	74,315,622
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources: Pensions related (note 10)		12,697,163	17,389,705
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$	85.070.255	91.705.327
Net Position	Ψ=	03,010,203	31,703,027
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	60,343,297	61,324,024
Nonexpendable: Aid to local libraries Library for the Blind and Handicapped Expendable:		416,073 333,642	416,073 333,642
Aid to local libraries Library for the Blind and Handicapped Public policy Unrestricted		306,773 1,471,545 1,435,507 (27,691,217)	287,938 1,355,713 1,946,731 (34,004,717)
Total net position	\$	36,615,620	31,659,404
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THOMAS EDISON STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.

(A Component Unit of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate The New Jersey State Library)

Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Assets	_	2023	2022
Cash	\$	117,280	68,587
Investments		12,138,859	11,715,078
Contributions and grants receivable		120,021	131,674
Other assets	_	70,999	67,343
Total assets	\$ _	12,447,159	11,982,682
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities:			
Contributions and grants payable	\$	679,386	789,862
Accrued liabilities	_	77,375	32,571
Total liabilities	_	756,761	822,433
Net assets:			
Without donor restrictions		5,558,079	5,208,483
With donor restrictions	_	6,132,319	5,951,766
Total net assets	_	11,690,398	11,160,249
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	12,447,159	11,982,682

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Business-Type Activities - Organization Only

Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	_	2023	2022
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of approximately			
\$3,403,000 in 2023 and \$2,953,000 in 2022)	\$	34,507,504	37,674,516
Federal grants and contracts	Ψ	10,848,439	10,868,144
Federal indirect cost recovery		356,829	150,627
State of New Jersey grants and contracts		10,600,453	10,334,290
Other operating revenues		622,657	686,888
Total operating revenues	_	56,935,882	59,714,465
Operating expenses:			
Academic support		23,365,589	23,186,681
Student services		6,397,489	6,248,581
Public services		4,922,185	5,432,145
General institutional		11,641,898	12,436,910
Operations and maintenance		2,116,158	1,862,433
General administration		20,383,579	19,448,614
Other sponsored programs		1,358,720	1,802,569
Scholarships		3,023,365	3,576,605
State of New Jersey Library		4,251,195	3,888,116
Talking Book and Braille Center		1,447,146	1,514,647
Grants to libraries		8,131,060	8,096,998
Collections and exhibits		1,310,369	1,168,436
Depreciation and amortization	_	3,670,352	3,706,597
Total operating expenses	_	92,019,105	92,369,332
Operating loss	_	(35,083,223)	(32,654,867)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Federal grants		_	2,380,550
State of New Jersey appropriations		17,207,980	13,822,881
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits		23,409,384	20,339,907
State of New Jersey paid other postemployment benefits (note 9)		(2,009,856)	946,482
Contributed U.S. Postal Service		178,963	170,760
Private gifts – restricted		449,141	577,166
Investment income (expense)		963,168	(491,108)
Interest on indebtedness		(90,957)	(208,283)
Loss on disposal of equipment	_	(68,384)	(36,148)
Net nonoperating revenues	_	40,039,439	37,502,207
Increase in net position		4,956,216	4,847,340
Net position as of beginning of year	_	31,659,404	26,812,064
Net position as of end of year	\$_	36,615,620	31,659,404

THOMAS EDISON STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.

(A Component Unit of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate The New Jersey State Library)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2023

		Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Support and revenues: Contributions and grants	\$	196,788	480,404	677,192
Special events: Revenues In-kind contributions Less costs of direct benefits to donors		123,772 4,825 (95,862)	_ 	123,772 4,825 (95,862)
Special events, net		32,735	_	32,735
Donated personnel Investment return, net Net assets released from restrictions		377,145 297,581 743,602	443,751 (743,602)	377,145 741,332 —
Total support and revenues	•	1,647,851	180,553	1,828,404
Expenses: Program expenses Management and general Fundraising		1,183,235 35,982 79,038	_ 	1,183,235 35,982 79,038
Total expenses		1,298,255		1,298,255
Change in net assets		349,596	180,553	530,149
Net assets, beginning of year		5,208,483	5,951,766	11,160,249
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,558,079	6,132,319	11,690,398

THOMAS EDISON STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.

(A Component Unit of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate The New Jersey State Library)

Statement of Activities

Six-Months Ended June 30, 2022

	·	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Support and revenues: Contributions and grants	\$	57,646	126,428	184,074
Special events: Revenues In-kind contributions Less costs of direct benefits to donors		43,377 2,340 (51,717)	_ 	43,377 2,340 (51,717)
Special events, net		(6,000)	_	(6,000)
Donated personnel Investment return, net Net assets released from restrictions		157,168 (1,088,645) 409,802	(1,253,157) (409,802)	157,168 (2,341,802) —
Total support and revenues	·	(470,029)	(1,536,531)	(2,006,560)
Expenses: Program expenses Management and general Fundraising		642,221 28,060 50,819	_ 	642,221 28,060 50,819
Total expenses	,	721,100		721,100
Change in net assets		(1,191,129)	(1,536,531)	(2,727,660)
Net assets, beginning of year	·	6,399,612	7,488,297	13,887,909
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,208,483	5,951,766	11,160,249

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Cash Flows

Business-Type Activities – Organization Only

Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 37,776,410 40,392,222 Grants, contracts, and other revenues 18,054,082 17,632,720 Payments for salaries (36,318,480) (35,454,344) Payments for finige benefits (1,490,747) (1,192,387) Payments for materials and supplies (1,715,690) (1,390,650) Payments for services (23,075,588) (24,545,714) Payments for maintenance (1,330,435) (1,103,836) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,864) (3,431,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities: - 1,296,691 Federal appropriations - 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (632,437) (271,204) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital floancing activities: (632,437) (271,204)		-	2023	2022
Student tuition and fees \$ 37,776,410 40,392,222 Grants, contracts, and other revenues 18,054,082 17,632,720 Payments for salaries (36,318,480) (35,454,344) Payments for fringe benefits (1,490,747) (1,192,387) Payments for materials and supplies (1,715,690) (1,390,650) Payments for materials and supplies (1,30,435) (1,103,836) Payments for maintenance (1,30,435) (1,103,836) Payments to students (4,264,046) (3,866,310) Payments for roncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations —	Cash flows from operating activities:			
Payments for salaries (36,318,480) (35,454,344) Payments for firinge benefits (1,490,747) (1,192,387) Payments for materials and supplies (1,715,690) (1,390,650) Payments for metrices (23,075,588) (24,545,714) Payments for maintenance (1,330,435) (1,103,836) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,864) (3,41,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations — 1,297,800 Private gifts — restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency gibursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) <td< td=""><td>·</td><td>\$</td><td>37,776,410</td><td>40,392,222</td></td<>	·	\$	37,776,410	40,392,222
Payments for fringe benefits (1,490,747) (1,192,387) Payments for materials and supplies (1,715,690) (1,390,650) Payments for services (23,075,588) (24,545,714) Payments for maintenance (1,330,435) (1,103,836) Payments to students (4,264,046) (3,866,310) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,884) (3,431,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations — 1,297,390 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency disparce 687,764 193,300	Grants, contracts, and other revenues		18,054,082	17,632,720
Payments for materials and supplies (1,715,690) (1,390,650) Payments for services (23,075,588) (24,545,714) Payments for maintenance (1,330,435) (1,103,836) Payments to students (4,264,046) (3,866,310) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,864) (3,431,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 Federal appropriations — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts — restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Net desh used by capital financing activities (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Payments for services (23,075,588) (24,545,714) Payments for maintenance (1,330,435) (1,103,836) Payments to students (4,264,046) (3,866,310) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,864) (3,41,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations	•		,	
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Payments to students (4,264,046) (3,866,310) Payments for grants and contracts (3,556,864) (3,431,201) Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments 381,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities<	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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Payments for noncapital improvements (120,533) (480,555) Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Tederal appropriations — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest o	·			. ,
Net cash used by operating activities (16,041,891) (13,440,055) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: — 1,296,691 Federal appropriations — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: — 16,977 16,679 Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments (81,663) 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294				. ,
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 1,296,691 Federal appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments (8,408,294) 317,876 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) <		-	, ,	
Federal appropriations — 1,296,691 State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,6	Net cash used by operating activities		(16,041,891)	(13,440,055)
State of New Jersey appropriations 17,207,980 13,822,881 Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Private gifts – restricted 438,772 573,176 Agency receipts 687,764 193,300 Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553			_	
Agency receipts 687,764 (437,000) 193,300 (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: 271,204 Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553				
Agency disbursements (437,000) (192,262) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553				
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 17,897,516 15,693,786 Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553			•	
Cash flows from capital financing activities: (632,437) (271,204) Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Agency disbursements	-	(437,000)	(192,262)
Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		17,897,516	15,693,786
Purchases of capital assets (632,437) (271,204) Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Cash flows from capital financing activities:			
Net deposits with trustee 16,977 16,679 Principal paid on capital debt (2,178,603) (5,753,703) Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	·		(632,437)	(271,204)
Interest paid on capital debt (92,813) (245,318) Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Net deposits with trustee		16,977	16,679
Net cash used by capital financing activities (2,886,876) (6,253,546) Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Purchases of investments 881,663 316,426 Interest on investments (8,408,294) 317,876 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	· · ·		(2,178,603)	. ,
Cash flows from investing activities: 28,395,372 8,037,966 Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Purchases of investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Interest paid on capital debt		(92,813)	(245,318)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments 28,395,372 8,037,966 Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Net cash used by capital financing activities	-	(2,886,876)	(6,253,546)
Purchases of investments (37,685,329) (8,036,516) Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments 881,663 316,426 Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		28,395,372	8,037,966
Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities (8,408,294) 317,876 Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Purchases of investments		(37,685,329)	
Net decrease in cash (9,439,545) (3,681,939) Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Interest on investments		881,663	316,426
Cash as of beginning of the year 18,491,614 22,173,553	Net cash (used by) provided by investing activities		(8,408,294)	317,876
	Net decrease in cash		(9,439,545)	(3,681,939)
Cash as of end of the year \$ 9,052,069 18,491,614	Cash as of beginning of the year		18,491,614	22,173,553
	Cash as of end of the year	\$	9,052,069	18,491,614

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Cash Flows

Business-Type Activities – Organization Only

Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	_	2023	2022
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(35,083,223)	(32,654,867)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used			
by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,670,352	3,706,597
Noncash transactions		21,588,895	21,460,955
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables		209,997	423,506
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(267,948)	(170,216)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(473,094)	(631,380)
Deposits held in custody of others		209,445	(80)
Unearned tuition and fees		83,892	487,055
Unearned grants and contracts		315,373	(637,466)
Net pension liability and related deferred amounts	_	(6,295,580)	(5,424,159)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ _	(16,041,891)	(13,440,055)
Noncash transactions:			
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits	\$	23,409,384	20,339,907
State of New Jersey paid other postemployment benefits		(2,009,856)	946,482
Contributed U.S. Postal Service		178,963	170,760
Contributed services		10,404	3,806
Student waivers expense		(3,403,139)	(2,790,077)
Student tuition and fees		3,403,139	2,790,077
State of New Jersey paid grants to local libraries expense		(4,684,580)	(4,601,354)
State of New Jersey paid grants to local libraries revenue	_	4,684,580	4,601,354
	\$_	21,588,895	21,460,955

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

(a) Thomas Edison State University (formerly Thomas Edison State College)

Thomas Edison State College was founded by the New Jersey Board of Higher Education in 1972 as an undergraduate institution which provides flexible and accessible, high-quality college opportunities primarily for adults. In December 2015, the New Jersey Secretary of Education granted university status to the College and the College's Board of Trustees approved a resolution authorizing the institution to change its name to Thomas Edison State University (the University). The University was developed within two guiding assumptions: (1) many adults acquire college-level knowledge through work, leisure, and formal and informal training activities and (2) college credit should be awarded for the demonstration of college-level knowledge, regardless of the source of that knowledge.

The mission statement of Thomas Edison State University charges the University with providing distinctive undergraduate and graduate education for self-directed adults through flexible, high-quality collegiate learning and assessment opportunities. The University was founded for the purpose of providing diverse and alternative methods of achieving a collegiate education of the highest quality for mature adults.

The University is accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools. Enrollment for 2023 was 11,431 students and 2022 was 12,829. Since the University was founded, 73,418 associate, baccalaureate, masters, and doctoral degrees in eighteen degree programs have been awarded. The University's offices are in Trenton, New Jersey.

(b) The New Jersey State Library

The New Jersey State Library (the Library) was established by the State of New Jersey (the State) to provide lifelong learning and educational services, through the use of a State library, to the citizens of the State. This is accomplished by enabling citizens of the State and other libraries within the State, to have access to a national network of publications as well as the collection of books and historical documents at the Library, including a priceless Jerseyana collection. The Library also ensures that affiliated libraries within the State are provided Federal and State funds needed to administer library operations and update collections of books and records. The Library has existed as part of the State since 1796 and maintains approximately 2.1 million volumes of books, electronic equivalents, and historical documents.

(c) The Organization

The University and the State recognize that the mission of the Library complements and enhances the mission of the University. Therefore, to ensure the efficient and effective delivery of library and related services to the citizens of the State, Public Law 2001, Chapter 137 was signed into law effective July 2, 2001, making the Library an affiliate of the University. This statute makes permanent the conditions of Executive Order 002-1996 under which the University and the Library have been operating since July 1996. As a result, the financial reporting entity was formed known as Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library (the Organization) under control of the University's Board of Trustees.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

The Organization is recognized as a public institution by the State. Under the law, the Organization is an instrumentality of the State with a high degree of autonomy. However, under Government Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the Organization is considered a component unit of the State for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Organization's financial statements are included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accounting policies of the Organization conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to colleges and universities. The Organization's reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities, establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, including leases and SBITAs, net of accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted:

Nonexpendable – Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that must be maintained permanently by the Organization.

Expendable – Net position whose use by the Organization is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the Organization pursuant to the stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

Unrestricted: Net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net
position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of
Trustees. Substantially all unrestricted net position is designated for academic programs and
initiatives and capital programs.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the Organization's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

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(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. The Organization reports as a business-type activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

(c) Investments

Investments in money market funds and certificates of deposit are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reflected at fair value. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on a trade-date basis. Investment income is recorded on an accrual basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in investment income.

(d) Rare Books, Artwork, and Historical Documents

The Organization capitalizes rare books, artwork, collections, and historical documents of \$5,000 or greater at fair value at the date of donation. These items are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain, protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved. They are considered inexhaustible and are not depreciated.

(e) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The capitalization threshold is \$5,000 and above for all furniture, equipment and vehicles, and building improvements. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets of the Organization are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

	Useful lives
Buildings Building improvements	50 years 10–40 years
Data processing equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	15 years
General equipment	10 years
Land improvements	10–50 years
Software	7 years
Vehicles	5 years

The Organization does not capitalize the existing collections of the Library, including books and microfiche, except for rare books, artwork, and historical documents, as they have a short estimated useful life. Included in the accompanying financial statements as an expense are accessions of approximately \$1,310,000 and \$1,200,000 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

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(f) Net Pension Liability and Related Pension Amounts

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For additional information about PERS, please refer to the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits' Annual Report, which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/prnsions/financial-reports.shtml. Additional information regarding pensions is discussed in note 10.

(g) Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

The Organization follows GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75), which replaced previous standards of accounting and financial reporting for retirement plans for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through OPEB plans that are administered either through trusts or equivalent arrangements or not administered through trusts that meet certain specified criteria. The effect of adoption of GASB 75 resulted in recording the Organization's proportionate share of OPEB revenue and expenses that the State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the Organization. The Organization recognized non-operating revenue and operating expenses related to the support provided by the State of New Jersey. The State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the Organization. No net liability is required to be included in the Organization's financial statements.

(h) Leases and Software Subscriptions

The University is a lessee for noncancellable leases of real estate and equipment from external parties. The University also has multiple subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) with external parties. For leases and SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes expense based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other leases and SBITAs (i.e. those that are not short-term), the University recognizes a right of use asset and liability as discussed in note 9.

At lease and SBITA commencement, the University initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of the payment made. The asset is measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life. The University recognizes interest expense on the liability using the effective interest method based on the discount rate determined at commencement.

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A key estimate is how the University determines the discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease or SBITA payments to be made. The University uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The University does not have any leases or SBITAs that the lessor has provided their implicit interest rate. The University does not have any leases or SBITAs subject to a residual value guarantee.

(i) Student Tuition and Fees

Student tuition and fees are presented net of scholarships applied to student accounts, while other payments made directly to students are presented as scholarship expenses and are recognized in the period incurred. Student tuition and fees collected in advance of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned tuition and fees in the accompanying statements of net position.

(i) State of New Jersey and Federal Grants and Contracts

State of New Jersey and Federal grants and contracts revenues are recognized as the related expenses are incurred. Amounts received from grants and contracts, which have not yet been earned under the terms of the agreement, are recorded as unearned grants and contracts in the accompanying statements of net position.

(k) State of New Jersey Paid Fringe Benefits

The State of New Jersey pays for the fringe benefits for certain employees of the Organization. Fringe benefits paid by the State of \$23,409,384 and \$20,339,907 in 2023 and 2022, respectively, have been included in the accompanying financial statements as revenues and expenses.

(I) Contributed U.S. Postal Service

As a service to the blind citizens of the State, the U.S. Postal Service provides certain delivery services for the Talking Book and Braille Center at no cost to the Library. The estimated value of such services, based upon the amount of packages delivered, is approximately \$179,000 and \$171,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Such contributed services have been included in the accompanying financial statements as revenues and expenses.

(m) Classification of Revenue

The Organization's policy for defining operating activities in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those that serve the Organization's principal purpose and generally result from exchange transactions such as the payment received for services and payment made for the purchase of goods and services. Examples include (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, and (2) most Federal, State, and private grants and contracts. Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as operating appropriations from the State, Federal COVID grants, contributed U.S. Postal Service, private gifts, and investment income.

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(n) Financial Dependency

The Organization receives a substantial amount of support from Federal and State sources. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have adverse effects on the Organization's programs and activities.

(o) Income Taxes

The Organization's income is excluded from Federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

(p) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Investments

(a) Cash

Cash consisted of the following demand deposits in a financial institution as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		_	Carrying amount	Bank balances
2023:				
University		\$	815,856	1,360,283
Library		_	8,236,213	8,476,561
	Total deposits	\$_	9,052,069	9,836,844
		_	Carrying amount	Bank balances
2022:				
University		\$	10,923,926	10,895,460
Library		_	7,567,688	7,613,496
	Total deposits	\$	18,491,614	18,508,956

Bank balances in excess of FDIC insured amounts totaling \$9,396,630 in 2023 and \$18,062,748 in 2022 are collateralized in accordance with Chapter 64 of Title 18A of New Jersey Statutes.

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(b) Investments

The Organization has an investment policy which establishes guidelines for permissible investments. The investment policy for the Organization is based on a disciplined, consistent, and diversified approach. The Organization may be invested in instruments such as, but not limited to, obligations of the United States government; certificates of deposit; domestic investment grade commercial paper; money market funds; domestic fixed income investments; and equities. Fixed income and equity investments may be part of an exchange traded fund.

Investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

			2023	
	_	University	Library	Total
State of New Jersey Cash Management				
Fund	\$	19,261,314	455,700	19,717,014
Money market accounts		48,673	2,036,667	2,085,340
Equities and equity exchange traded funds				
(ETFs)		687,734	724,614	1,412,348
Fixed income ETFs		2,815,173	518,270	3,333,443
Certificates of deposit	_	6,073,000		6,073,000
Total	\$_	28,885,894	3,735,251	32,621,145
	_	_		
			2022	
		University	Library	Total
State of New Jersey Cash Management				
•	\$	9,284,574	439,636	9,724,210
Money market accounts		47,811	2,023,583	2,071,394
Equities and equity exchange traded funds				
(ETFs)		585,696	632,963	1,218,659
Fixed income ETFs		2,839,088	523,386	3,362,474
Certificates of deposit		7,000,000		7,000,000
Total	\$	19,757,169	3,619,568	23,376,737

The bank balances of the certificate of deposits in excess of FDIC insured amounts totaling \$5,823,000 in 2023 and \$6,750,000 in 2022 are collateralized in accordance with Chapter 64 of Title 18A of New Jersey Statutes.

The Organization's investments are subject to various risks. Among these risks are credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

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Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Individual debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's). The Organization's ETF mutual funds are comprised of many securities and therefore are not rated overall as a fund by the major rating agencies.

The following table summarizes the Organization's fixed income investments as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2023			2022			
	Rating	Rating Fair value		Rating		Fair value		
University: Fixed income ETFs	Not Rated	\$	2,815,173	Not Rated	\$	2,839,088		
Library: Fixed income ETFs	Not Rated	\$	518,270	Not Rated	\$	523,386		

The Organization participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts, also contributed by other State entities, are combined into a large-scale investment program. The State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund and money market funds are unrated.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a debt investment. The Organization does not have a written policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate fluctuations.

The following tables summarize the maturities of the Organization's fixed income investments as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

				2023						
	-	Maturities in years								
	-	Fair value	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	11–15				
University:										
State of New Jersey Cash										
Management Fund	\$	19,261,314	19,261,314	_	_	_				
Money market accounts		48,673	48,673	_	_	_				
Fixed income ETFs		2,815,173	_	_	2,815,173	_				
Certificates of deposit		6,073,000	6,073,000	_	_	_				
Library:										
State of New Jersey Cash										
Management Fund		455,700	455,700	_	_	_				
Money market accounts		2,036,667	2,036,667	_	_	_				
Fixed income ETFs	_	518,270			518,270					
	\$_	31,208,797	27,875,354		3,333,443					

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				2022						
	-	Maturities in years								
	-	Fair value	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	11–15				
University:										
State of New Jersey Cash										
Management Fund	\$	9,284,574	9,284,574	_	_	_				
Money market accounts		47,811	47,811	_	_	_				
Fixed income ETFs		2,839,088	_	_	2,839,088	_				
Certificates of deposit		7,000,000	7,000,000	_	_	_				
Library:										
State of New Jersey Cash										
Management Fund		439,636	439,636	_	_	_				
Money market accounts		2,023,583	2,023,583	_	_	_				
Fixed income ETFs	_	523,386			523,386					
	\$	22,158,078	18,795,604		3,362,474					

State of New Jersey Cash Management Funds, money market accounts, fixed income ETFs are included in the above tables using their average weighted maturity.

(3) Trustee Held Investments - Restricted

Trustee held investments include restricted funds held for Library specific purposes by third party trustees. Trustee held investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	 2023	2022
State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund	\$ 635,788	613,005
Money market accounts	12,024	16,166
Alternative assets ETFs	100,318	98,247
Fixed income ETFs	67,930	73,470
Equity ETFs	 234,326	211,543
Total	\$ 1,050,386	1,012,431

The Organization's trustee held investments – restricted are subject to various risks. Among these risks are credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Organization's investment policy requires that the overall average quality rating of the portfolio's domestic fixed income holdings will be at least "A", as rated by the Standard and Poor's or Moody's rating agency.

The Organization participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts are also contributed by other State entities are combined into a large-scale investment program. The State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund, fixed income ETFs held by trustees and money market funds are unrated.

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Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Organization does not have a written policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate fluctuations.

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Organization's trustee held investments – restricted as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		20:	23	2022			
		Maturities	s in years	Maturities in years			
	_	Fair value Less than 1		Fair value	Less than 1		
Library:							
State of New Jersey Casl	า						
Management Fund	\$	635,788	635,788	613,004	613,004		
Money market accounts		12,024	12,024	16,166	16,166		
Fixed income ETFs	_	67,930	67,930	73,470	73,470		
	\$_	715,742	715,742	702,640	702,640		

(4) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the financial statement measurement date. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 unadjusted quoted or published prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 –quoted or published prices other than those included within Level 1 and other inputs that are
 observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3. When the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level that is significant to the entire measurement.

While the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

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The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

- U.S. Government bonds and notes and corporate bonds The fair value of government bonds and notes and corporate bonds are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Equity securities The fair value of equity securities is the market value based on quoted market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker-dealers.
- Exchange traded funds The fair value of ETFs are based on the quoted or published market price on an active market as of the measurement date.
- State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund The fair value of the State of New Jersey cash
 management fund is based on a compilation of primarily observable market information or broker
 quotes in a non-active market.
- Money market accounts and certificates of deposit These investments are measured at amortized cost and have been excluded from fair value leveling.

The Organization's investments as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

	_	2023 Investments						
		Total	_	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	
Investments measured at fair value:								
Equities and equity ETFs	\$	1,412,348		1,412,348		_	_	
Fixed income ETFs	_	3,333,443		3,333,443				
Subtotal	_	4,745,791	\$_	4,745,791				
Investments measured at amortized cost:								
Money market accounts		2,085,340						
Certificates of deposit	_	6,073,000	_					
Subtotal	_	8,158,340	_					
Local Government Investment Pool: State of New Jersey Cash								
Management Fund		19,717,014	_					
Total investments	\$_	32,621,145	=					

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		2023 Trustee held investments				
	_	Total		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments measured at fair value:						
Alternative asset ETFs	\$	100,318		100,318	_	_
Fixed income ETFs		67,930		67,930	_	_
Equity ETFs	_	234,326		234,326		
Subtotal	_	402,574	\$	402,574		
Investments measured at amortized cost:						
Money market accounts	_	12,024	_			
Subtotal	_	12,024	_			
Local Government Investment Pool: State of New Jersey Cash						
Management Fund	_	635,788	_			
Total investments	\$	1,050,386	=			

The Organization's investments as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table by their fair value hierarchy:

		2022 Investments					
		Total		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investments measured at fair value:							
Equities and equity ETFs	\$	1,218,659		1,218,659	_	_	
Fixed income ETFs	_	3,362,474	_	3,362,474			
Subtotal	_	4,581,133	\$_	4,581,133			
Investments measured at amortized cost:							
Money market accounts		2,071,394					
Certificates of deposit	_	7,000,000					
Subtotal	_	9,071,394					
Local Government Investment Pool: State of New Jersey Cash							
Management Fund	_	9,724,210					
Total investments	\$_	23,376,737					

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		2022 Trustee held investments				
		Total	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments measured at fair value:						
Alternative asset ETFs	\$	98,247		98,247	_	_
Fixed income ETFs		73,470		73,470	_	_
Equity ETFs	_	211,543	_	211,543		
Subtotal	_	383,260	\$_	383,260		
Investments measured at amortized cost:						
Money market accounts	_	16,166	_			
Subtotal	_	16,166	_			
Local Government Investment Pool: State of New Jersey Cash						
Management Fund	_	613,005	_			
Total investments	\$_	1,012,431	_			

(5) Capital Assets, Net

The Organization's principal locations are in buildings, some of which are owned by the State and are dedicated for use by the Organization. Although legal title for buildings owned by the State rests with the State, the Organization has been given, through legislation, exclusive use of the buildings and has included the cost of capital assets in the accompanying statements of net position. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, capital assets and accumulated depreciation activity was as follows:

		20	23	
	Beginning			Ending
	balance	Additions	Retirements	balance
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	64,999,010	34,332	226,509	64,806,833
Equipment and vehicles	3,184,817	_	303,434	2,881,383
Furniture and fixtures	4,007,593		633,394	3,374,199
University subtotal	72,191,420	34,332	1,163,337	71,062,415
Buildings and improvements	19,994,821	_	_	19,994,821
Equipment and vehicles	1,438,540	545,074	32,529	1,951,085
Furniture and fixtures	257,621			257,621
Library subtotal	21,690,982	545,074	32,529	22,203,527
Total depreciable assets	93,882,402	579,406	1,195,866	93,265,942

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		202	23		
	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements		Ending balance
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements \$	16,833,007	1,478,379	188,738		18,122,648
Equipment and vehicles	2,303,176	220,286	310,455		2,213,007
Furniture and fixtures	2,706,617	219,923	595,907	_	2,330,633
University subtotal	21,842,800	1,918,588	1,095,100	. <u>-</u>	22,666,288
Buildings and improvements	15,794,419	222,894	_		16,017,313
Equipment and vehicles	898,825	164,663	32,382		1,031,106
Furniture and fixtures	96,149	16,189			112,338
Library subtotal	16,789,393	403,746	32,382	. <u> </u>	17,160,757
Total accumulated					
depreciation	38,632,193	2,322,334	1,127,482	_	39,827,045
Total depreciable					
assets, net	55,250,209	(1,742,928)	68,384	_	53,438,897
Nondepreciable assets:					
University land	1,363,088	_	_		1,363,088
Library land	1,089,592			. <u> </u>	1,089,592
Total nondepreciable					
assets	2,452,680	_	_		2,452,680
Total capital assets, net					
excluding leases \$	57,702,889	(1,742,928)	68,384	:	55,891,577
Lease and subscription IT right-to-use ass	sets, net				2,284,293
Total capital assets, net				\$	58,175,870

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	2022					
	Beginning			Ending		
	balance	Additions	Retirements	balance		
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and improvements \$	64,807,167	192,943	1,100	64,999,010		
Equipment and vehicles	3,430,876	129,481	375,540	3,184,817		
Furniture and fixtures	4,064,217		56,624	4,007,593		
University subtotal	72,302,260	322,424	433,264	72,191,420		
Buildings and improvements	20,082,656	_	87,835	19,994,821		
Equipment and vehicles	1,663,802	95,327	320,589	1,438,540		
Furniture and fixtures	257,621			257,621		
Library subtotal	22,004,079	95,327	408,424	21,690,982		
Total depreciable assets	94,306,339	417,751	841,688	93,882,402		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	15,356,832	1,477,275	1,100	16,833,007		
Equipment and vehicles	2,395,273	250,630	342,727	2,303,176		
Furniture and fixtures	2,540,085	220,287	53,755	2,706,617		
University subtotal	20,292,190	1,948,192	397,582	21,842,800		
Buildings and improvements	15,658,489	223,299	87,369	15,794,419		
Equipment and vehicles	1,065,079	154,335	320,589	898,825		
Furniture and fixtures	79,961	16,188		96,149		
Library subtotal	16,803,529	393,822	407,958	16,789,393		
Total accumulated						
depreciation	37,095,719	2,342,014	805,540	38,632,193		
Total depreciable						
assets, net	57,210,620	(1,924,263)	36,148	55,250,209		
Nondepreciable assets:						
University land	1,363,088	_		1,363,088		
Library land	1,089,592			1,089,592		
Total nondepreciable						
assets	2,452,680			2,452,680		
Total capital assets, net						
excluding leases \$	59,663,300	(1,924,263)	36,148	57,702,889		
Lease and subscription IT right-to-use ass	ets, net			3,495,071		
Total capital assets, net				\$61,197,960		

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(6) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

			2023		2022
	_	University	Library	Total	Total
Vendors	\$	3,036,932	100,847	3,137,779	3,497,491
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,325,855	287,781	1,613,636	1,447,617
Compensated absences		1,792,808	344,697	2,137,505	2,221,920
Other accrued expenses	_	64,696	186,631	251,327	291,968
Total	\$_	6,220,291	919,956	7,140,247	7,458,996

(7) Noncurrent Liabilities

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, noncurrent liabilities activity, other than long-term debt, was as follows:

				2023		
	-	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Current portion
Compensated absences:						
University Library	\$	2,221,635 622,742	3,869	66,920 51,919	2,154,715 574,692	1,792,808 344,697
Total compensated						
absences	-	2,844,377	3,869	118,839	2,729,407	2,137,505
Net pension liability:						
University		31,970,878	_	2,207,927	29,762,951	_
Library	_	24,500,195	2,047,354		26,547,549	
Total net pension						
liability ·	-	56,471,073	2,047,354	2,207,927	56,310,500	
Total	\$	59,315,450	2,051,223	2,326,766	59,039,907	2,137,505

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				2022		
	-	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Current portion
Compensated absences: University Library	\$	2,261,461 656,034	 	39,826 42,588	2,221,635 622,742	1,825,304 396,616
Total compensated absences	-	2,917,495	9,296	82,414	2,844,377	2,221,920
Net pension liability: University Library	-	37,161,992 27,601,249		5,191,114 3,101,054	31,970,878 24,500,195	
Total net pension liability	-	64,763,241		8,292,168	56,471,073	
Total	\$	67,680,736	9,296	8,374,582	59,315,450	2,221,920

(8) Long-Term Debt

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, long-term debt activity was as follows:

			2023		
	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Current portion
Long-term debt:					
University:					
Banc of America Leasing &					
Capital, LLC:	Φ 05.400		25.420		
2007 Tax Exempt Lease Capital Improvement Fund:	\$ 35,130	_	35,130	_	_
102-104 West State Street	316,740		20,035	296,705	21,065
Capital Improvement Fund:	010,740		20,000	200,700	21,000
Kelsey/Townhouse Complex	433,751	_	27,437	406,314	28,847
Equipment Leasing Fund:	•		•		•
Nursing Equipment	17,333	_	17,333	_	
PNC Bank:					
Nursing Center	1,905,000	_	735,000	1,170,000	760,000
Capital Improvement Fund:	46 E 4 4		0.474	44.270	0.000
Kelsey Entryway	46,544		2,174	44,370	2,283
Total, excluding leases and					
	\$ 2,754,498	_	837,109	1,917,389	812,195
•	· — · · · ·			, ,	•
Lease and subscription IT liabilities				2,045,831	976,528
Total long-term debt				\$ 3,963,220	1,788,723

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				2022		
		Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Current portion
Long-term debt:						
University:						
Banc of America Leasing &						
Capital, LLC:						
2007 Tax Exempt Lease	\$	105,387	_	70,257	35,130	35,130
TD Bank Finance, Inc.:						
2012 Tax Exempt Lease		3,605,426	_	3,605,426	_	_
Capital Improvement Fund:						
102-104 West State Street		335,800	_	19,060	316,740	20,035
Capital Improvement Fund:						
Kelsey/Townhouse Complex		459,852	_	26,101	433,751	27,437
Equipment Leasing Fund:						
Nursing Equipment		33,835	_	16,502	17,333	17,333
PNC Bank:						
Nursing Center		2,650,000	_	745,000	1,905,000	735,000
Capital Improvement Fund:						
Kelsey Entryway	_	48,611		2,067	46,544	2,174
Total, excluding leases and						
subscription IT liabilities	\$_	7,238,911		4,484,413	2,754,498	837,109
Lease and subscription IT liabilities					3,250,085	1,300,347
Total long-term debt					\$ 6,004,583	2,137,456
rotaliong term dobt					3,001,000	,,

In September 2007, the Organization entered into a tax-exempt lease financing arrangement in which Banc of America Leasing & Capital, LLC is the lessor, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the lessee, and the Organization is the sublessee. The lease financing of \$2,700,000 by the University was used for renovations to the Kelsey building and security, equipment and data processing upgrades. The lease is made up of three rental payment schedules. The first schedule has an interest rate of 4.100%, which will be repaid over a five-year period. The second schedule has an interest rate of 4.380%, which will be repaid over a seven-year period. The third schedule has an interest rate of 4.570%, which will be repaid over a fifteen-year period. As of June 30, 2023, the lease financing arrangement is full repaid. As of June 30, 2022, the Organization owes \$35,130.

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In October 2011, the Organization entered into a tax-exempt lease financing arrangement in which TD Bank Finance, Inc. is the lessor, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the lessee, and the Organization is the sublessee. The lease financing of \$8,000,000 by the University was used for renovations to the historic Kuser Mansion in Trenton. The lease rental payment schedule had a twenty-year term. There were four interest-only payments totaling \$265,222, followed by 76 lease payments of \$105,263 plus interest at 3.500% that started quarterly on March 31, 2013. As of June 30, 2014, the Organization made a one-time pay-down in the amount of \$815,626 from the bond proceeds that remained unspent at the end of construction. Upon notice to the Organization, TD Bank Finance, Inc. had the option to declare the entire outstanding principal and outstanding interest, due and payable in full on the ten-year anniversary date. The Organization elected to pay off this loan in full on April 29, 2022.

In March 2014, the Organization received grant funding as part of the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act in which BNY Mellon Bank is Custodian, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the grantor, and the Organization is the grantee. The grant funding of \$1,397,000 to the University was used for the renovations to 102-104 West State Street to house its new Center for Learning Technology. The Organization's share of the bond debt service is \$662,932. The bond debt service payment schedule has a twenty-year term. There are twenty interest-only payments totaling \$118,131 and nineteen principal plus interest payments totaling \$544,801 with interest rates ranging from 3.500% to 5.000%. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization owes \$296,705 and \$316,740, respectively.

In March 2014, the Organization received grant funding as part of the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act in which BNY Mellon Bank is Custodian, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the grantor, and the Organization is the grantee. The grant funding of \$1,913,000 to the University was used for capital improvements and renovations to the Kelsey/Townhouse Complex. The Organization's share of the bond debt service is \$907,836. The bond debt service payment schedule has a twenty-year term. There are twenty interest-only payments totaling \$161,772 and nineteen principal plus interest payments totaling \$593,360 with interest rates ranging from 3.500% to 5.00%. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Organization owes \$406,314 and \$433,751, respectively.

In January 2014, the Organization received leasing funds as part of the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Act in which BNY Mellon Bank is Custodian, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the lessor, and the Organization is the lessee. The lease agreement funding of \$585,000 to the University is being used for computing and instructional equipment for the School of Nursing. The Organization's share of the bond debt service is \$163,791. The bond debt service payment schedule has a nine-year term. There are nine interest-only payments totaling \$19,306 and nine principal plus interest payments totaling \$144,485 with an interest rate of 5.000%. As of June 30, 2023, the leasing funds were fully repaid. As of June 30, 2022, the Organization owed \$17,333.

In October 2014, the Organization entered a tax exempt lease financing arrangement in which PNC Bank is the lessor, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the lessee, and the Organization is the sublessee. The lease financing of \$7,000,000 was to assist the University in covering costs associated with the construction of the Nursing Education Center in Trenton, NJ. The bond debt service payment schedule has a ten-year term. There are 121 monthly loan payments of principal plus interest at 2.486%. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization owes \$1,170,000 and \$1,905,000, respectively.

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In December 2016, the Organization received grant funding as part of the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Act in which BNY Mellon Bank is Custodian, the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority is the grantor, and the Organization is the grantee. The grant funding of \$170,000 to the University was used for alterations and renovations to the entryway of the Kelsey/Townhouse Complex. The Organization's share of the bond debt service is \$55,399. The bond debt service payment schedule has a twenty-year term. There are nineteen interest-only payments totaling \$15,786 and twenty principal plus interest payments totaling \$73,100 with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 5.500%. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization owes \$44,370 and \$46,544, respectively.

The following is a schedule, by year, of future minimum payments under long-term debt, excluding leases and subscription IT liabilities, as of June 30, 2023:

	 Principal	Interest
Year ending June 30:		
2024	\$ 812,195	52,964
2025	464,863	33,014
2026	57,649	27,034
2027	60,562	24,104
2028–2032	342,474	80,859
2033–2037	 179,646	10,693
Total	\$ 1,917,389	228,668

(9) Leases (Lessee) and Similar Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Organization is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The Organization also has noncancellable subscription arrangements for the right-to-use various information technology software (subscription IT arrangements).

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A summary of lease and subscription IT asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	_	2023				
		Beginning balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending balance	
University lease assets:						
Buildings	\$	1,202,846	_	1,202,846	_	
Equipment	_	271,213	8,264	68,353	211,124	
Total lease assets	_	1,474,059	8,264	1,271,199	211,124	
Less accumulated amoritization:						
Buildings		801,897	400,949	1,202,846	_	
Equipment	_	71,734	40,801	68,353	44,182	
Total accumulated amortization	_	873,631	441,750	1,271,199	44,182	
Total lease assets, net	_	600,428	(433,486)		166,942	
Subscription IT assets:		4,389,915	128,976	115,438	4,403,453	
Less accumulated amortization	_	1,495,272	906,268	115,438	2,286,102	
Subscription IT assets, net	_	2,894,643	(777,292)		2,117,351	
Total lease and subscription						
IT right-to-use assets, net	\$_	3,495,071	(1,210,778)		2,284,293	

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A summary of lease and subscription IT right-to-use asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		2022			
	_	Beginning			Ending
	_	balance	Additions	Deductions	balance
University lease assets:					
Buildings	\$	1,202,846	_	_	1,202,846
Equipment	_	68,353	202,860		271,213
Total lease assets	_	1,271,199	202,860	<u> </u>	1,474,059
Less accumulated amoritization:					
Buildings		400,949	400,948	_	801,897
Equipment	_	35,662	36,072	<u> </u>	71,734
Total accumulated amortization	_	436,611	437,020	<u> </u>	873,631
Total lease assets, net	-	834,588	(234,160)		600,428
Subscription IT assets:		4,301,619	88,296	_	4,389,915
Less accumulated amortization	_	567,709	927,563		1,495,272
Subscription IT assets, net	-	3,733,910	(839,267)		2,894,643
Total lease and subscription					
IT right-to-use assets, net	\$_	4,568,498	(1,073,427)		3,495,071

Lease and Subscription IT Liabilities

A summary of changes in the related lease and subscription IT liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		2023						
		Beginning balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending balance			
Lease liabilities Subscription IT liabilities	\$	601,367 2,648,718	8,264 128,976	439,976 901,518	169,655 1,876,176			
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	3,250,085	137,240	1,341,494	2,045,831			

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A summary of changes in the related lease and subscription IT liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		2022						
	_	Beginning			Ending			
	_	balance	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	balance			
Lease liabilities	\$	835,293	202,860	436,786	601,367			
Subscription IT liabilities	_	3,392,303	88,297	831,882	2,648,718			
Total	\$_	4,227,596	291,157	1,268,668	3,250,085			

Future annual lease payments are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest
Year ending June 30:			
2024	\$	976,528	11,669
2025		985,061	5,208
2026		44,592	2,050
2027		39,650	635
Total	\$	2,045,831	19,562

(10) Retirement Plans

The Organization participates in two major retirement plans, administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division), for its employees – Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP), which presently makes contributions to Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA), Aetna Life Insurance, Lincoln Life Insurance, Metropolitan Life Insurance, Travelers Insurance, and VALIC. PERS is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The ABP alternatives are defined contribution plans that are administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The Organization is charged pension costs through a fringe benefit charge assessed by the State, which is included within the state paid fringe benefits in the accompanying financial statements.

A publicly available annual report of the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, which includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about the PERS's and ABP's fiduciary net position, can be obtained at

https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/gasb-notices.shtml or by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295.

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Effective July 1, 2010, the Organization established two supplemental retirement plans – Supplemental Alternate Benefit Plan and Supplemental Retirement Plan for the benefit of its eligible employees. The objective of the plans is to help provide for additional security on retirement, by means of employer contributions supplemental to those under the Alternate Benefit Program for the Supplemental Alternate Benefit Plan and supplemental to those under the Alternate Benefit Program and the Supplemental Alternate Benefit Plan for the Supplemental Retirement Plan.

(a) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

(i) Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pension and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's annual audited financial statements which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual reports.shtml

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

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PERS members were required to contribute 7.5 % of their annual covered salary for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The State makes employer contributions on behalf of the Organization. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. The State's contribution for the Organization was \$4,451,751 and \$4,409,997 for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(ii) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Organization's respective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for PERS are calculated by the Division. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization reported a liability of \$56,310,500 and \$56,471,073, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability at June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 PERS net pension liability was recorded in the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively. The Organization's proportionate share of the respective net pension liability for the fiscal year was based on the actual contributions made by the State on behalf of the University relative to the total contributions of participating employers of the State Group for the respective fiscal years. Below is a summary of PERS information for June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022				
	University	Library	Total		
Proportionate share of net pension					
liability	\$ 29,762,951	26,547,549	56,310,500		
Allocation percentage – State Group	0.1329484770 %	0.1185855580 %	0.2515340350 %		
Allocation percentage – Total Plan*	0.0791441216 %	0.0705938886 %	0.1497380102 %		
Pension benefit for the year ended	\$ (1,494,505)	(97,502)	(1,592,007)		

^{*} Allocation percentage calculated as the Organization's respective net pension liability as a percentage of the total plan's net pension liability.

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	2021				
	University	Library	Total		
Proportionate share of net pension					
liability	\$ 31,970,878	24,500,195	56,471,073		
Allocation percentage – State Group	0.1478114675 %	0.1132721427 %	0.2610836102 %		
Allocation percentage – Total Plan*	0.0951449653 %	0.0729122986 %	0.1680572639 %		
Pension benefit for the year ended	\$ (337,055)	(440,053)	(777,108)		

^{*} Allocation percentage calculated as the Organization's respective net pension liability as a percentage of the total plan's net pension liability.

The Organization reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at June 30:

			2023	
	_	University	Library	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	479,913	428,069	907,982
Changes of assumptions		44,473	39,669	84,142
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings				
on pension plan investments		719,004	641,327	1,360,331
Changes in proportionate share		209,914	1,329,380	1,539,294
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	2,322,731	2,129,020	4,451,751
	\$_	3,776,035	4,567,465	8,343,500
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	156,734	139,801	296,535
Changes in assumptions	•	2,178,842	1,943,454	4,122,296
Changes in proportionate share	_	6,360,209	1,918,123	8,278,332
	\$_	8,695,785	4,001,378	12,697,163

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	_		2022	
		University	Library	Total
Deferred outflows of resources: Differences between actual and				
expected experience	\$	777,030	595,460	1,372,490
Changes of assumptions		65,243	49,997	115,240
Changes in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the		535,337	467,971	1,003,308
measurement date	_	2,294,325	2,115,672	4,409,997
	\$ _	3,671,935	3,229,100	6,901,035
Deferred inflows of resources: Differences between actual and				
expected experience	\$	110,457	84,646	195,103
Changes in assumptions		4,531,184	3,472,375	8,003,559
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,005,489	770,535	1,776,024
Changes in proportionate share	_	4,723,546	2,691,473	7,415,019
	\$_	10,370,676	7,019,029	17,389,705

\$4,451,751 reported as deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2023 related to pensions resulting from contributions made on behalf of the Organization by the State subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2023 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	University		Library	Total	
Years ending:					
2024	\$	(2,893,013)	(1,221,571)	(4,114,584)	
2025		(2,024,732)	(511,669)	(2,536,401)	
2026		(1,732,764)	(297,392)	(2,030,156)	
2027		(560, 269)	459,300	(100,969)	
2028	_	(31,703)	8,399	(23,304)	
	\$	(7,242,481)	(1,562,933)	(8,805,414)	

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(iii) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 is measured as of June 30, 2022 (based on the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022) and the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 is measured as of June 30, 2021 (based on the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021). The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	2022	2021
Inflation rate:		
Price	2.75 %	2.75 %
Wage	3.25 %	3.25 %
Salary increases:		
Through 2026	2.75%-6.55% based on years service	2.00-6.00% based on years service
Thereafter		3.00-7.00% based on years service
Investment rate of return	7.00 %	7.00 %
Discount rate	7.00 %	7.00 %

2022

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

2021

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future

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improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

(iv) Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments 7.00% at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long term rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plans investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PER's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	PERS	3 2022	PERS 2021		
Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return	
U.S. equity	27.00 %	8.12 %	27.00 %	8.09 %	
Non-US developed markets equity	13.50	8.38	13.50	8.71	
Emerging markets equity	5.50	10.33	5.50	10.96	
Private equity	13.00	11.80	13.00	11.30	
Real estate/equity related real estate	8.00	11.19	8.00	9.15	
Real assets/private real asset	3.00	7.60	3.00	7.40	
High yield	4.00	4.95	2.00	3.75	
Private credit/debt related private credit	8.00	8.10	8.00	7.60	
Investment grade credit	7.00	3.38	8.00	1.68	
Cash equivalents	4.00	1.75	4.00	0.50	
U.S. treasuries	4.00	1.75	5.00	0.95	
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00	4.91	3.00	3.35	

(v) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that conditions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer, and 100% of actuarily determined contributors for

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the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that conditions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer, and 100% of actuarily determined contributors for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

(vi) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net pension liability for participating PERS employers as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

				2022	
		_	At 1% decrease (6.00%)	At current discount rate (7.00%)	At 1% increase (8.00%)
University Library		\$ _	33,961,863 30,292,836	29,762,951 26,547,549	26,198,931 23,368,562
	Total	\$_	64,254,699	56,310,500	49,567,493
		_		2021	
			At 1% decrease (6.00%)	At current discount rate (7.00%)	At 1% increase (8.00%)
University Library		\$	36,693,653 28,119,393	31,970,878 24,500,195	27,974,935 21,437,991
	Total	\$_	64,813,046	56,471,073	49,412,926

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(b) Defined Contribution Benefit Plans

(i) Alternate Benefit Program

ABP provides the choice of seven investment carriers all of which are privately operated defined contribution retirement plans. The Organization assumes no liability for ABP members other than payment of contributions. ABP provides retirement and death benefits for or on behalf of these full-time professional employees and faculty members electing to participate in this optional retirement program. Participation eligibility, as well as contributory and noncontributory requirements, are established by the State of New Jersey Retirement and Social Security Law. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits vest after the completion of one year of service. Individually owned annuity contracts that provide for full ownership of retirement and survivor benefits are purchased at the time of vesting. Participating Organization employees are required to contribute 5% of salary and may contribute a voluntary additional contribution up to the maximum Federal statutory limit, on a pretax basis. Employer contributions are 8%. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, ABP received employer and employee contributions as follows:

	_		2022		
		University	Library	Total	Total
Employer contributions	\$	1,818,295	55,153	1,873,448	1,809,838
Employee contributions Basis for contributions: Participating employee		1,136,434	34,471	1,170,905	1,131,149
salaries		22,728,688	689,416	23,418,104	22,622,972

Employer contributions to ABP are paid by the State and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as the State paid fringe benefits revenue and as expenses. The maximum compensation to be considered for employer retirement contributions is \$141,000 per New Jersey state law Chapter 31, P.L. 2010. This law was effective as of July 1, 2010. P.L. 2018, Chapter 14 increased the annual compensation limit to \$175,000 effective July 1, 2018. The Organization created the Supplemental Alternate Benefit Program to fund the 8% employer match above the compensation limit. These contributions are funded by the Organization.

(ii) Supplemental Alternate Benefit Program

The Plan is administered by the Organization. TIAA CREF is the privately operated investment carrier for this defined contribution retirement plan. All contributions are made by the Organization with Non-State funds. The plan is intended to qualify as a governmental plan that is a tax sheltered annuity plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. It is also intended that the Plan be exempt from the Employee Retiree Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to Department of Labor regulations Section 2510.3 2(f). Each employee whose compensation exceeds the State limit on contributions for the ABP in a given year shall be eligible to participate in the plan and have employer contributions made on their behalf. The Organization

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Notes to Financial Statements

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will contribute 8% of the employee's compensation in excess of the State limit on compensation. The accumulated base salary limit during fiscal year 2023 was \$175,000. There were no employee contributions during fiscal year 2023 or 2022. The employer contributions made during fiscal year 2023 and 2022 were \$47,254 and \$43,787, respectively.

(iii) Supplemental Retirement Program

The Plan is administered by the Organization. TIAA-CREF is the privately operated investment carrier for this defined contribution retirement plan. All contributions are made by the Organization with Non-State funds. The plan is intended to qualify as a governmental plan that is a tax-sheltered annuity plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. It is also intended that the Plan be exempt from the Employee Retiree Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to Department of Labor regulations Section 2510.3-2(f). The Organization may contribute to the plan, on behalf of participants who are employees of the employer during the plan year and are eligible to share in the employer contributions for such plan year, as determined by the Compensation Committee and approved by the Board of Trustees. There were no employee contributions during fiscal year 2023 or 2022. The employer contributions made during fiscal year 2023 and 2022 were \$11,507 and \$7,762, respectively.

(c) Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

The Organization's retirees participate in the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan (the Plan).

Plan description, including benefits provided – The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, which provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursements to retirees and their covered dependents. Although the Plan is a single-employer plan, it is treated as a cost-sharing multiple employer plan for standalone reporting purposes.

In accordance N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32, the State of New Jersey (the State) is required to pay the premiums and periodic charges for OPEB of State employees who retire with 25 years or more of credited service, or on a disability pension, from one or more of the following pension plans: the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP) or the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS). In addition, Chapter 302, P.L. 1966 provides that for purposes of this Plan, the University's employees retain any and all rights to the health benefits in the Plan, even though the University is considered autonomous from the State, therefore, its employees are classified as State employees. As such, the State is legally obligated for the benefit payments on behalf of the retirees of the University; therefore, the Plan meets the definition of a special funding situation as defined in *GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB Statement No. 75).

Retirees who are not eligible for employer-paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents. Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage, who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011, will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their healthcare coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit.

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The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible for will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The Plan is administered on a pay-as-you-go-basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB Statement No. 75).

(i) Total OPEB Liability and OPEB (Benefit) Expense

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the State recorded a liability of \$69,340,772 and \$82,446,961 respectively, which represents the portion of the State's total proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability that is associated with the Organization (the Organization's share). The Organization's share was based on the ratio of its members to the total members of the Plan. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization's share was 1.246633% and 1.213233%, and 0.331971% and 0.330395% of the special funding situation and of the Plan, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization recognized an OPEB (benefit) expense of (\$2,009,856) and \$946,482 respectively. As the State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the Organization, the Organization recognized nonoperating revenue equal to the support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – The State's OPEB liability associated with the Organization at June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The State's liability associated with the Organization at June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. These valuations used the following assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

	2022	2021
Inflation	N/A	2.50 %
Discount rate	3.54	2.16
Salary increases:		
PERS through	All Future Years	2026
	2.75-6.55%	2.00–6.00 %
PERS thereafter	Not Applicable	3.00-7.00
ABP through	All Future Years	2026
	2.75-4.25%	1.55–4.45 %
ABP thereafter	Not Applicable	2.75-5.65

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For the June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations, preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP) and "General" (PERS/JRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), and "General" (PERS/JRS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuations are based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State of New Jersey's defined benefit plans, including PERS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021), ABP (using the experience of the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund – July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021), and PFRS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021).

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State of New Jersey's defined benefit plans, including PERS (July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2018), ABP (using the experience of the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund – July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018), and PFRS (July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018).

Health Care Trend Assumptions – The June 30, 2021 valuations use a trend rate of 6.25% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years for pre-Medicare medical benefits. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2023 through 2024 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 6.36% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 14.35% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% after 8 years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.53% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.47% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.5% after 8 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend is 8.0% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

The June 30, 2020 valuations initially used a trend rate of 5.65% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years for pre-Medicare medical benefits. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully-insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2022 through 2023 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 5.79% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 13.79% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. For HMO the trend is initially 5.98% in fiscal year 2024, increasing to 15.49% in fiscal year 2025 and decreases to 4.5% after 11 years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 6.75% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

Discount Rate – The discount rate for June 30, 2022 and 2021 was 3.54% and 2.16%, respectively. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

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Notes to Financial Statements
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(11) Commitments

Payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payment is based on 50% of the employee's sick leave accumulation, at the pay rate in effect at the time of retirement up to a maximum of \$15,000. Employees separating from University service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances. Since Federal and State funds comprise approximately 99% of the total revenues of the Library, and through developing a memorandum of understanding between the University and the State with respect to the Library, accrued sick time will be funded by the State for Library employees.

The University and Library paid \$143,070 and \$28,663, respectively, in 2023. In 2022, the University and Library paid \$79,045 and \$13,512, respectively. The University and Library have accrued amounts of \$361,907 and \$229,995; and \$396,331 and \$226,126, respectively, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, for anticipated future payments to employees who are planning to retire in the foreseeable future and are eligible for payment of a portion of their accumulated sick time. A receivable from the State for \$229,995 and \$226,126, respectively, has been recorded as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 in the accompanying statements of net position for Library sick accrual reimbursable from the State. At the current time, it is uncertain whether the policy followed by the State regarding unused sick time reimbursement during fiscal year 2022 will continue into fiscal year 2023 and beyond. If the State did not provide reimbursement to the University for these amounts in the future, the University would still be liable for the payments to these employees.

(12) Component Unit

Thomas Edison State University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the Organization. The Foundation has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service concluding that it is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising entity to supplement the resources that are available to the University and Library in support of its programs. The Board of Directors of the Foundation, which consists of at least five and no more than thirty persons, is self-perpetuating and consists of qualified persons elected by majority vote of the Board of Directors of the Foundation. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the resources, or income thereon, the Foundation holds and invests are used exclusively for the benefit, support, and promotion of the University for its educational activities. Because these resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the University and Library, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Organization and is discretely presented in the Organization's financial statements.

During the Foundation's full fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation expensed \$804,091, to the Organization for restricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Controller's Office at 111 West State Street, Trenton, NJ 08608.

The Foundation is a private not-for-profit Organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) accounting standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the Organization's financial reporting entity for these differences.

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During year 2022, the Foundation elected to change their year-end to June 30. Therefore, the accompanying statement of activities is for the six-month period ended June 30, 2022.

(13) Risk Management

The Organization is exposed to various risks of loss. The Organization purchased and funds property and casualty insurances through a joint insurance program with nine of the State of New Jersey Public Colleges and Universities. The Organization's risk management program involves insurance for all property risk and certain liability risk in the joint insurance program and all remaining liability risk and employee benefit exposures are self-funded programs maintained and administered by the State of New Jersey (including tort liability, auto liability, trustees and officers liability, workers' compensation, unemployment, temporary and long term disability, unemployment liability, life insurance and employee retirement programs).

All-Risk Property Insurance provides coverage for buildings, plant, equipment, and business interruption to the extent that losses exceed \$100,000 per occurrence with a maximum limit of liability in an occurrence of \$2,000,000,000. Commercial Crime Insurance coverage provides limits of liability of: \$5,000,000 for Employee Theft, Computer Fraud, and Funds Transfer Fraud Coverages, subject to \$150,000 retention; \$500,000 limits of liability for Premises, In Transit, Forgery, Money Orders and Counterfeit Currency Fraud, Credit Card, and Client Coverages, subject to \$50,000 retention; and \$150,000 limit of liability for Social Engineering Fraud Coverage, subject to \$150,000 retention. Student Blanket Professional and General Liability Insurance provides coverage for students in curriculum-based practicums/internships with a limit of liability of \$2,000,000 each occurrence, \$4,000,000 in the aggregate. Executive Auto Liability Insurance provides coverage for two executive vehicles, with a limit of liability of \$1,000,000 and a \$1,000 deductible applying to collision & comprehensive coverage. A fine arts insurance policy was added in fiscal year 21 for artwork with a limit of \$4,000,000. Cyber liability insurance provides coverage for certain types of exposures related to cyber threats. Effective March 1, 2023, the University first purchased this insurance, with primary limits of liability of \$5,000,000, subject to a \$75,000 retention.

As an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey the liability of Thomas Edison State University is subject to all of the provisions of the New Jersey Tort Claims Act (NJSA 59:1 1 et seq.), the New Jersey Contractual Liability Act (NJSA 59:13 1 et seq.) and the availability of appropriations. The Tort Claims Act also creates a fund and provides for payment of claims under the Act against the State of New Jersey or against its employees for which the State of New Jersey is obligated to indemnify against tort claims, which arise out of the performance of their duties.

All insurance policies are renewed on an annual basis. All the State of New Jersey self-funded programs are statutory with an annual appropriation provided by the legislature. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the past four years. There have been no changes to fiscal year 2023 property insurance over fiscal year 2022 coverage levels.

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedules of Employer Contributions

State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System Thomas Edison State University

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2,322,731 2,322,731	2,294,325 2,294,325	1,764,687 1,764,687	1,527,293 1,527,293	1,322,073 1,322,073	1,078,012 1,078,012	807,305 807,305	527,950 527,950	328,993 328,993	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_										
Organization employee covered–payroll Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll	\$	5,911,435 39.29 %	6,043,755 37.96 %	6,709,265 26.30 %	6,492,369 23.52 %	6,971,915 18.96 %	7,109,582 15.16 %	7,481,975 10.79 %	7,349,168 7.18 %	7,555,305 4.35 %	
New Jersey State Library 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015											
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2,129,020 2,129,020	2,115,672 2,115,672	1,408,513 1,408,513	1,199,297 1,199,297	1,027,121 1,027,121	831,781 831,781	626,220 626,220	444,325 444,325	276,882 276,882	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_										
Organization employee covered–payroll Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll	\$	5,422,091 39.27 %	5,487,027 38.56 %	5,141,500 27.39 %	5,290,815 22.67 %	5,403,489 19.01 %	5,229,833 15.90 %	5,454,972 11.48 %	5,313,407 8.36 %	5,592,606 4.95 %	
	_	2023	2022	Total 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	4,451,751 4,451,751	4,409,997 4,409,997	3,173,200 3,173,200	2,726,590 2,726,590	2,349,194 2,349,194	1,909,793 1,909,793	1,433,525 1,433,525	972,275 972,275	605,875 605,875	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_										
Organization employee covered-payroll	\$	11,333,526	11,530,782	11,850,765	11,783,184	12,375,404	12,339,415	12,936,947	12,662,575	13,147,911	
Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll		39.28 %	38.25 %	26.78 %	23.14 %	18.98 %	15.48 %	11.08 %	7.68 %	4.61 %	

Information provided for required supplementary information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System Thomas Edison State University

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – State Group	0.133 %	0.148 %	0.167 %	0.165 %	0.168 %	0.173 %	0.162 %	0.146 %	0.136 %
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – Total Plan	0.079	0.095	0.096	0.092	0.092	0.090	0.081	0.075	0.071
Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability Organization employee covered–payroll Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$ 29,762,951	31,970,878	37,161,992	38,040,875	39,906,414	44,250,453	47,406,184	34,608,556	27,459,799
	6,043,755	6,709,265	6,492,369	6,971,915	7,109,582	7,481,975	7,349,168	7,555,305	6,978,413
percentage of the employee covered-payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	492.46 %	476.52 %	572.39 %	545.63 %	561.30 %	591.43 %	634.94 %	458.07 %	393.50 %
	46.41	51.52	42.90	42.04	40.45	36.78	31.20	38.21	42.74
New Jersey State Library 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015									
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – State Group	0.119 %	0.113 %	0.124 %	0.122 %	0.123 %	0.126 %	0.123 %	0.123 %	0.127 %
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – Total Plan	0.071	0.073	0.071	0.068	0.067	0.066	0.061	0.063	0.066
Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability Organization employee covered–payroll Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$ 26,547,549	24,500,195	27,601,249	28,015,774	29,181,858	32,425,786	36,129,572	29,126,717	25,544,272
	5,487,027	5,141,500	5,290,815	5,403,489	5,229,833	5,454,972	5,313,407	5,592,606	5,527,456
percentage of the employee covered-payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	483.82 %	476.52 %	521.68 %	518.48 %	557.99 %	594.43 %	662.32 %	520.81 %	462.13 %
	46.41	51.52	42.90	42.04	40.45	36.78	31.20	38.21	42.74
	2023	Tot 2022	tal 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – State Group	0.252 %	0.261 %	0.291 %	0.287 %	0.291 %	0.299 %	0.285 %	0.269 %	0.263 %
Organization proportion of the net pension liability – Total Plan	0.150	0.168	0.168	0.160	0.159	0.156	0.142	0.138	0.136
Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 56,310,500	56,471,073	64,763,241	66,056,649	69,088,272	76,676,239	83,535,756	63,735,273	53,004,071
Organization employee covered-payroll	11,530,782	11,850,765	11,783,184	12,375,404	12,339,415	12,936,947	12,662,575	13,147,911	12,505,869
Organization proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the employee covered-payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	488.35 % 46.41	476.52 % 51.52	549.62 % 42.90	533.77 % 42.04	559.90 % 40.45	592.70 % 36.78	646.49 % 31.20	484.76 % 38.21	423.83 % 42.74

Information provided for required supplementary information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes in benefit terms - There were no significant changes in benefits for any of the actuarial valuations used to determine required contributions.

Changes in assumptions - There were no significant changes in assumptions except for the annual change in the discount rate and the change in

the long-term rate of return as follows:

PFRS

For 2022, the discount rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. The mortality tables were based on Pub-2010 with improvement scale MP-2021.

For 2021, the discount rate remained at 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. The mortality tables were based on Pub-2010 with improvement scale MP-2021.

For 2020, the discount rate changed to 7.00% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. The mortality tables were based on Pub-2010 with improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2019, the discount rate changed to 6.28% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. The mortality tables utilized changed from RP 2006 in 2018 to Pub-2010 with improvement scale MP-2019.

For 2018, the discount rate changed to 5.66% and the long-term rate of return remained at 7.00%. For 2017, the discount rate changed to 5.00% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.00%.

For 2016, the discount rate changed to 3.98% and the long-term rate of return changed to 7.65% from 7.90%.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability

	Total					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Organization proportion of the collective total OPEB liability Organization proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability associated with the Organization	— % — % \$69,340,772		— % — % 90,409,045	— % — % 	— % — % 77,203,200	— % — % 92,565,771
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 69,340,772	82,446,961	90,409,045	58,339,465	77,203,200	92,565,771
Organization employee covered–payroll	\$ 32,695,595	31,510,962	30,699,447	31,918,154	32,984,372	29,528,781
Organization proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability as a percentage of the employee covered-payroll	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %	— %

Information provided for Required Supplementary Information will be provided for ten (10) years, as the information becomes available in subsequent years

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan, there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Changes in assumptions - There were no significant changes in assumptions except for the annual change in the discount rate.

For 2023, the discount rate changed to 3.54% from 2.16% The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021.

For 2022, the discount rate changed to 2.16% from 2.21%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2021.

For 2021, the discount rate changed to 2.21% from 3.50%. The mortality tables utilized Pub-2010 and Scale MP-2020.

For 2020, the discount rate changed to 3.50% from 3.87%. The mortality tables utilized changed from RP-2006 in 2018 to Pub-2010 in 2019.

For 2019, the discount rate changed to 3.87% from 3.58%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards

Year ended June 30, 2023

State of New Jersey grantor/program title	Program period	Grant account number	Award amount	Current year expenditures	Passed through to subrecipients
N.J. Department of State: Higher Education Student Assistance Authority: Student Financial Assistance Cluster: Tuition Aid Grants Tuition Assistance, Thomas Edison State University Students (GO-TESU) New Jersey Student Tuition Assistance Reward Scholarship II program	7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23	23-100-074-2405-007 23-100-074-2405-343 23-100-074-2405-313	\$ 305,718 5 679,864 10,000	<u>.</u>	
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				995,582	
State of New Jersey Appropriations: Grants-in-Aid Appropriations to Senior Public Colleges and Universities: Thomas Edison State College The New Jersey State Library – Library Services The New Jersey State Library – Supplies and Extended Services	7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23	22-100-074-2440-001 23-100-074-2541-001 23-100-074-2541-032	10,528,000 4,978,000 1,725,000	10,528,000 4,978,000 1,725,000	_
Total Grants-In-Aid Appropriations to Senior Public Colleges and Universities				17,231,000	
Per Capita Library Aid Local Library Support Fund	7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23	23-495-074-2541-001 23-100-082-2105-048	4,675,537 55,340	4,675,537 55,340	4,629,240 55,340
Library Network Aid: 2022-23 2021-22	Commencing 7/1/22 Commencing 7/1/21	23-100-074-2541-012 22-100-074-2541-012	4,299,000 4,299,000	3,799,782 186,886	1,754,150 13,433
Total Library Network Aid				3,986,668	1,767,583
Interdepartmental Accounts: State Paid Fringe Benefits Other Than FICA: Thomas Edison State University The New Jersey State Library	7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23	22-100-074-2440-001 22-100-074-2541-001	17,928,023 3,063,029	17,928,023 3,063,029	
Total State Paid Fringe Benefits Other Than FICA				20,991,052	
FICA – State Colleges and Universities Reimbursement Program: Thomas Edison State University The New Jersey State Library	7/1/22-6/30/23 7/1/22-6/30/23	22-100-074-2440-001 23-100-074-2541-001	2,057,412 360,920	2,057,412 360,920	
Total FICA				2,418,332	
N.J. Department of Labor and Workforce Development grant: NJ PLACE Program N.J. Secretary of Higher Education (OSHE) grants:	6/1/21-11/30/24	PLACE-FY2021-Thomas Edison State Colle-056	849,000	234,271	_
Re-Up Initiative New Jersey Career Accelerator Internship Grant	1/30/23-6/23/23 4/4/22-8/31/22	2023-100-074-2400-082-6140 2022-100-074-2400-076-6140	24,733 13,614	24,733 13,405	_
N.J. Community College Consortium for Workforce and Economic Development (NJCCC): N.J. Workforce Partnership Development Fund (2+2 Construction Management) N.J. Department of Environmental Protection grant:	11/7/22-12/31/22	22-100-062-4545-400	2,000	2,000	_
MOU for Library Onsite Services at 432 E. State Street (DEP) N.J. Department of Human Services:	7/1/22-6/30/23	22-100-042-4800	141,900	141,900	_
MOU for Commission for the Blind and Visually Impaired Grant (CBVI) N.J. Department of Transportation:	7/1/21-6/30/22	22-100-054-7560	376,477	230,646	_
MOU for Library Services (DOT)	1/1/23-12/31/23	22-100-078-6000	33,266	33,266	
Total expenditures of State of New Jersey awards			:	51,033,732	6,452,163

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards.

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards Year ended June 30, 2023

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards include the State of New Jersey award activity of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library (the Organization) and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of New Jersey Office of Management and Budget Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the 2023 basic financial statements.

(2) Indirect Cost Rate

The Organization has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Trustees
Thomas Edison State University and its
Affiliate the New Jersey State Library:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Thomas Edison State University and its affiliate the New Jersey State Library (the Organization), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2024. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Thomas Edison State University Foundation, Inc. Were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Thomas Edison State University Foundation, Inc.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Short Hills, New Jersey February 5, 2024



KPMG LLP Suite 4000 150 John F. Kennedy Parkway Short Hills, NJ 07078-2702

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State of New Jersey Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards Required by New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

The Board of Trustees
Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate
the New Jersey State Library:

Report on Compliance for Each Major State of New Jersey Program

Opinion on Each Major State of New Jersey Program

We have audited Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library's (the Organization) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the New Jersey Office of Management and Budget (New Jersey OMB) State Grant Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Organization's major State of New Jersey programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State of New Jersey Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid* (New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08). Our responsibilities under those standards and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State of New Jersey program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's State of New Jersey programs.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of each major State of New Jersey program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State of New Jersey program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State of New Jersey program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State of New Jersey program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards Required by the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Organization as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those basic financial statements. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards for the year ended June 30, 2023, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08 and is not a required part of the 2023 basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2023 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 basic financial statements or to the 2023 basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of State of New Jersey awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2023 basic financial statements as a whole.



Short Hills, New Jersey March 15, 2024

(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2023

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

- a. Type of report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles: Unmodified opinions were issued on the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Thomas Edison State University and its Affiliate the New Jersey State Library, a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- b. Internal control deficiencies over financial reporting disclosed by the audit of the financial statements:
 - Material weaknesses: No
 - Significant deficiencies: None Reported
- c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements: No
- d. Internal control deficiencies over major programs disclosed by the audit:
 - Material weaknesses: No
 - Significant deficiencies: None reported
- e. Type of report issued on compliance for major State of New Jersey programs: Unmodified
- **f.** Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08: **None reported**
- g. Major programs
 - Grants-in-Aid Appropriations to Senior Public Colleges and Universities
 - Per Capita Library Aid
- h. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,531,012
- Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee: Yes
- (2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

None.

None.

(3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to State of New Jersey Awards